THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

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VOL. 37. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, MAY 29, 1902. NO. 14.

to Library 30 Jun 1902

Bachelor Girls Club.

The Bachelor Girls Club, numbering sixteen, met at the home of Miss Maud Steck last Monday evening. Of course they had a pleasant time, no "horrid men" being allowed within a square.

Circus Coming.

Agents for Welsh Bros. circus are billing the town for the big show on Monday, June 9th. The bill car will arrive tomorrow and post the large bills throughout the county. Remember the date.

Hot Time.

Last Friday the Soda factory connected with Climax Works, near this place, caught fire and destroyed about $1,500 worth of machinery and stock. It did not take that hustling company long to repair the damage. It was quick work all around.

Thanks.

Miss May Agnes Kelley, wishes to return her thanks through the PRESS to Mr. Josiah Howard for kindly allowing her the use of the Reading Room for her lecture on "Higher Physical Life;" also to the ladies who very kindly responded to the cards of invitation, thereby encouraging her in her work.

MAY AGNES KELLEY.

Eloquent Sermon.

Rev. O. S. Metzler, pastor of First Methodist Episcopal church, delivered the Memorial address to the G. A. R., last Sunday evening to a crowded church. It is voted one of the most eloquent addresses ever listened to by our people. We regret out limited space will not allow of our publishing the address of our genial friend.

Farmers' Institutes.

The County Board of Farmers' Institute Managers, will meet at the County Commissioners' office on the second Tuesday of June, to arrange for the place where Institutes are to be held this season. All of our people who desire Institutes, ought to attend this meeting and present their claims. This Board is composed of the Local Members of the State Board of Agriculture, and one representative from each County Agricultural Society, the Pomona Grange and County Alliance. If you find that you cannot attend this meeting, address a letter with your request to Chairman of Board of Institute Managers, care of County Commissioners.

W. H. HOWARD,
Chairman Local Committee.

BRIEF MENTION.

Richard Condon reports the finding of an umbrella at St. Mark's cemetery last Friday.

Barney Farrell, of Costello, closed a contract with McDonald brothers to operate a log job on First Fork, on Tuesday.

William Hatfield's Merry Go Round is delighting the small boy and girl and we know a few older persons who appear to enjoy the fun.

Hi Henry's Minstrels are sidetracked near Willimantic, Conn., and under quarantine on account of a case of smallpox in the minstrel car.

J. C. Welsh, one of Eldred's most prominent citizens, died last week, Wednesday, of pneumonia. Mr. Welsh is well known in Emporium, where he had many friends.

POSITION WANTED.—A middle aged widow, with good reference, wants a position as housekeeper. Address, "H," care A. C. Goodwin, Emporium, R. F. D., No. 2.

The lecture given by Miss May Agnes Kelley at the Reading Room on Wednesday was in every sense instructive and entertaining. Any lady who failed to hear it missed an opportunity not often afforded in our town. Miss Kelley is a pleasant and entertaining lady.

Henry Wallace-Phillips, the author of "Ree Saunders" has been making readers of McClure's Magazine laugh pretty regularly ever since his debut with "The Red Headed Cupid." His latest, "Billy the Buck," in the June McClure's, might, however, be called a story with a purpoise: to wit, to disabuse people of the notion traditionally expressed in the phrases "gentle deer," "timid deer," and the like' and to impress them with the fact that the horned creatures are the lords of brute creation. Only once in his career is Billy worsted by man or beast in fair fight; that was by the big Ingun Jimmey-Hit-the-Bottle, or more poetically "Strong Bull," and with this exception, the author seems to establish his case satisfactorily.

Subscribe for the PRESS; only $1.50 a year in advance.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

DOEBLER.

William H. Doebler, aged 37 years and 7 months, died Wednesday, May 21st at the home of his brother, Charles Doebler, in Rich Valley. Deceased sustained an injury to his spine nine years ago, while working in the woods, which resulted in a disease of the bone and though the best hospitals were visited and the most skilful surgeons consulted, a cure could not be affected. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, at Johnsonburg, and died in the comfort and hope of the Christian religion. Funeral services were conducted in the Rich Valley church last Saturday by the Rev. O. S. Metzler.

LAST SAD RITES.

Our last issue having taken place before the funeral of Miss Margaret Coyle, we were unable to give the account of the last sad rites of this deservedly popular young lady, which occurred on Friday. All that was mortal of this once joyous, happy child reposed upon a couch casket of white, amidst a bank of beautiful flowers, many being very handsome. It was a very sad, although beautiful sight. Promptly at nine o'clock funeral director B. Egan, assisted by others, arranged for the final ceremony. Slowly the large concourse of carriages wended their way to St. Mark's Catholic church, which was well filled with relatives and friends of the deceased. Arriving at the church the casket was preceded by six beautiful young ladies, (Misses Rosa Ritchie, Rose Bair, Marie Nangle, Sara McDonald, Kate Cummings and Ada Garrity,) clad in white, bearing in their arms handsome flowers which they tenderly placed upon the casket containing their dead friend and companion. After all were seated Father Downey said Mass, after which Father Grohowski, in an eloquent and touching manner spoke of the dead. His remarks were very appropriate and coming, as they did, from an entire stranger, were well received.

Mr. and Mrs. Lion of St. Marys, and Father Becker of Port Allegany had charge of the singing, which was nicely rendered.

The following relatives and friends from out of town were in attendance at the funeral:

Mr. and Mrs. O'Connor, Mrs H. Mallett, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; Mrs. Jas. Wilson, Blanchard, Pa.; Mrs. John Cole, Curwensville, Pa.; Chas. E. Hanhauser, Miss Emma Hahnhauser, Miss Gertrude Hahnhauser, Mr. and Mrs. Lion, St. Marys, Pa.; Misses Jennie and Jessie Norris, Kane.

Edward M. Parrott.

Edward Moore Parrott, whose death was announced yesterday morning, was a well known resident of this city, where he had lived for about ten years. He was a native of Arden, Orange county, N. Y., and graduated from the school of mines, Columbia College, from which institution he received the degree of mining engineer. He was in charge of mining work in Utah, connected with the Pennsylvania Railroad at Altoona, engaged in railroad construction in Costa Rica and the Western states and had a large amount of work on the Erie canal. For many years he had been at the head of a mining company whose offices are located in Rochester.

Mr. Parrott was a nephew of the well known inventor of the gun bearing his name and was connected with the Arden, Kenble, Dr. Peyster, Paulding and other Hudson river families. He was a member of the Rochester Whist Club and the Engineers' Club, of New York. He leaves a widow and six children, Rev. E. M. Parrott, Madeline and George Paulding Parrott, of this city, and Robert P. Parrott, Frederick T. Parrott and Mrs Henry Schroeder, of New York city.

There will be prayers at the residence No 215 Oxford street, this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The funeral and burial will take place at Arden, Orange county, N. Y., to-morrow.—Rochester, N. Y., Chronicle, May 19th, 1902.

Wegman Piano Parade.

O. B. Hummel, the popular music dealer, received sixteen of the celebrated Wegman pianos yesterday and the removal of the instruments from the freight depot to the Hummel music rooms was made the occasion of a grand parade. All the drays in the city that could be secured were in the procession. The horses had white covers on which was painted in black "Wegman pianos." When the parade reached the music house the drays were backed to the curb ready for unloading the pianos, and while they remained in line a photograph of the scene was taken by Floyd.—Lock Haven Express.

Double Track Contracts Awarded.

Double tracking of the Philadelphia and Erie railroad will soon start. Chief Engineer Brown, of the Pennsylvania railroad, has awarded the following contracts for grading and masonry work in connection with the double tracking: Section No. 1, from Nisbet to Jersey Shore, to Thomas F. Kerns & Son, of Pottsville; No. 2, from the east end of Keating bridge to mile post No. 175, west of Round Island, to Miller & McGraw, of Philadelphia; No. 3 from mile post No. 168, at Driftwood to McMenamin & Sims, of Philadelphia; No. 4, from Driftwood to mile post No. 163, west of Huntly, to C. A. Sims & Co., of Phiiadelphia; No. 7, from mile post No. 175 to Emporium Junction, to A F. Chapman & Co., of Buffalo. Sections 5 and 6 are yet to be awarded:—Lock Haven Democrat. Messrs. Chapman & Co., have arrived in Emporium and opened their business office in F. M. Overhiser's building, West Fourth street.

This firm have the contract to grade from Emporium to one mile below Cameron. It will take until Dec. 1st to complete their contract. It will be lively times along the P. & E. this summer. At least two thousand men will be employed in this county alone.

Assaulted by Masked Men.

Last Friday morning about one o'clock, three masked men entered the home of E. D. Sizer, at Sizerville, forcing open the front door with a fence rail. Two of the men proceeded to the second floor, where Mr. Geo. H. Dodge was sleeping, while the other chap went into Mr. Sizer's room. The two attacked Mr. Dodge striking him over the head with a club, inflicting several severe wounds on his head. Mr. Dodge clinched with one of the intruders throwing him down stairs, at the same time clinging to him. Mr. Sizer and wife were also cruelly dealt with, both being clubbed and chocked. Mr. Sizer is an old man yet he tackled his man and landed a good kick into his assailant while getting out of bed. After severely injuring all occupants of the house the intruders departed without taking time to ransack the house. Mr. Sizer had no fire arms with which to defend his home and endeavored to get a stick of wood, when he received a terrible blow on top of the head. Mr. Miller, who resides across the road, called Burdette Edwards and Chas. H. Howard, who endeavored to follow the scoundrels, but they had made good their escape. The cause of the assault is a mystery. No arrests have yet been made, except the retention of some tramps, who were discharged. From what we can learn, we believe the guilty parties were well acquainted with the premises. It is hoped the law may get its hands unto the parties.

Camp Meeting Notice.

The annual camp meeting of the Bradford District, Oil City Conference will be held in Wiley's Grove, Emporium, Pa., Juue 18th to 25th, 1902. Rev. W. B. Roupe, D. E., will have charge, assisted by Rev. S. K. Wheatlake, of Greenville, Ill., and preachers of the district.

The grove will be well lighted. Water will be supplied on the ground. Lumber, straw and other necessaries will be furnished on the ground, at reasonable rates. We expect people here from all parts of the District to camp on the ground during the meeting, and extend an invitation to all to come and spend the week with us in the leafy temple.

Tents can be rented at reasonable rates, (see bills) by applying to F. W. McClelland, Emporium, Pa., or writing Rev. W. B. Roupe, No. 75 Bennett street, Bradford, Pa.

We have but one motive in holding the meeting, namely saving souls and building up christian character.

We invite pastors and people to come.

F. W. MCCLELLAND.

Baptist Church Notes.

Dr. John Feltwell will speak morning and evening. Evening subject: "Is it just to shut the lost forever in hell for a life of sin on earth." Bible school at close of morning worship, C. E. Crandell, Supt. Y. P. S. C. E. 6:30, B. Olmsted, President. Preaching every night except Saturday, by Dr. Feltwell. All welcome.

Big Trout.

John Hout brought to town, last Thursday, the largest trout ever seen in this county, as far as heard from. It was of the brown species and weighed, when dressed, 2¾ pounds. Mr. Hout speared the fish opposite P. S. Culver's farm, on main stream. Dr. Smith secured and weighed the fish. It was a beauty.

Best Refrigerator for the least money at LaBar's.

Hon. H. C. M'Cormick Has Passed Away.

Williamsport Bulletin.

The end has come to the Hon. Henry C. McCormick. He passed away at the family residence, 620 West Fourth street, at 2:10 o'clock Monday afternoon, and a few minutes afterward the bells of the city tolled out the sad tidings, announcing the weary hours of watching and waiting at the bedside of one of Williamsport's most distinguished citizens for some faint gleam of hope were over. Regret was everywhere expressed when it became known that the final end had come to General McCormick. The news of his death spread rapidly, and there wasn't a citizen of Williamsport who did not mourn the demise of Mr. McCormick.

HIS LAST HOURS OF LIFE.

When the patient took a turn for the worse in the early hours of Sunday morning, after he had seemingly progressed so finely towards recovery the day before, the attending physicians were very much alarmed, and saw at once that the case had again become critical. After a consultation, it was decided to again summon Professor Tyson from Philadelphia, but that distinguished specialist, as already related in the Gazette and Bulletin, did not hold out much hope when he arrived here after making his record-breaking run in a special Pennsylvania train. Professor Tyson left for home Monday morning.

Mr. McCormick was in a comatose state all of Sunday, but could at times be aroused. His brother, William M McCormick, of Philadelphia, arrived Sunday morning, and after he had reached the sick room, the General was aroused and recognized him. The patient, after shaking hands with and bidding his brother good-bye, again relapsed into that comatose condition. He became unconscious Sunday evening, and it was impossible afterward to rouse him. When this stage in his condition had arrived he sank rapidly, and it was announced early Monday morning that the end was not far off, it being only a question of but a few hours.

MEDICAL SCIENCE UNAVAILING.

Every effort was made to save the life of the distinguished patient, everything known to medical science and skill being employed in the treatment of the case, but in vain. During all of Sunday and Monday the immediate relatives and friends of the family were at the McCormick home, and many telegrams of condolence were received Monday evening. There was much concern over Mr. McCormick's illness all over the state.

Mr. McCormick's illness was very brief. Only a week ago Monday he was at his office, and a week previous he was in Virginia, returning home with the fatal malady, at first thought trivial, that ended his life.

As already stated in the Gazette and Bulletin, Mr. McCormick and wife were to have been a party that were to have sailed last Saturday for Europe. The party were to have met Joseph W. Cochran, Jr., and wife, the latter Mr. and Mrs. McCormick's daughter, who are now in Europe, in London next Saturday, and a coaching trip through England was to have followed. But the General's sudden illness prevented, and a cablegram to this effect was on Friday last sent to Mr. and Mrs Cochran. Several cablegrams have since been flashed to Europe, but the tourists cannot be located, and this is one of the saddest features of the death of General McCormick. The messages have been sent abroad to different points, but up to Monday evening no reply had been received here. On Monday Senator Cochran telephoned to the Steamship company's office in New York, asking the officers in charge to locate Mr. and Mrs. Cochran at any cost, but they could give no information. Word was heard from Mr. and Mrs. Cochran on Wednesday of last week, and at that time they were in Nice, but since then their whereabouts are unknown. They will doubtless receive the first news of General McCormick's illness in London, where a number of cablegrams have been sent, if they are not located before Friday.

FUNERAL ON THURSDAY.

The funeral will be held on Thursday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, and interment will be made in Wildwood cemetery.

SECOND TERM IN CONGRESS.

In 1888 Mr. McCormick was renominated, and was re-elected by the handsome majority of 4,664, leading the Presidential ticket 254 votes, which was a substantial recognition of his worth and popularity, and a marked approval of his course during his first term. In the Fifty-first Congress he was made Chairman of the Committee on Railways and Canals, and a member of the Judiciary committee, and the Committee on Educaiion, and was recognized as one of the ablest members from Pennsylvania. His second term expired March 4, 1891, and since that time he had given his principal attention to the practice of his profession. Since the death of the Hon. Henry C. Parsons the firm of H. C. & S. T. McCormick had been the solicitors of the Pennsylvania railroad here. They also represented the New York Central, the Westmoreland and Somerset railroad, the Williamsport and North Branch railroad, the United States Leather company in this district, and other organizations, besides having a large individual clientage.

IN THE BUSINESS FIELD.

As a business man Mr. McCormick possessed the same successful traits and qualifications that made him one of the leading lawyers of the state. For the past two decades or more he has been closely allied with the material advancement and prosperity of Williamsport. In 1873 he helped organize the Lycoming Nationtl bank of which he was a director for fourteen years. In April, 1887, he severed his connection with that bank to help found the banking house of Cochran, Payne & McCormick, an institution which has grown to be of great financial strength and popularity. Mr. McCormick had been for several years a hard-working member and director of the Board of Trade. He was director of Williamsport Dickinson Seminary. He also was the prime mover in organizing the Edison Electric Illuminating company, was president of the company the first two years of its existence, and since then had been a director. Mr. McCormick, too, helped reorganize the Williamsport Gas company, and had for years been identified with the Williamsport Passenger Railways. In 1892, he was elected president of the Williamsport and North Branch Railroad company, and took an active part in the promotion of many other public and charitable enterprises, including the Williamsport hospital. He retired from the presidency of the Williamsport and North Branch railroad on January 15, 1895, when Governor Hastings appointed him Attorney General of Pennsylvania, and he remained in the Cabinet until the end of the Hastings administration.

Emmanuel Church.

Celebration of the Holy Communion next Sunday, June 1st at a 11 a. m.

Big Snakes.

Everal Housler killed a monster rattler last week that sported twelve rattles. The crop of snakes bids fair to be numerous this year.

James Housler and a fellow workman killed two snakes, one of which carried twelve rattles.

Death of H. Clay McCormick.

This community, in fact the whole state, were shocked to hear of the death of this excellent gentleman Mr. McCormick enjoyed the confidence and respect of our people. His death is a great loss to the entire state We understand many of Cameron county's business and personal friends will attend his funeral this p. m.

Eye Specialist.

Prof. W. H. Budine, the well known Eye Specialist, of Binghamton, N. Y., will be at R. H. Hirsch's jewelry store, Emporium, June 13th and 14th. Eyes tested and examined free. All work guaranteed. If you have weak eyes or headache don't fail to call and see Prof. Budine, as he makes a speciality of correcting all such cases. Lenses ground to fit all kinds of peculiar sight. 14-2t.

First Fork.

FIRST FORK MAY 26th, 1902.

Am in receipt of dispatch stating that Mrs. Nellie (Williams) Sinclair had died at Jamestown, N. D.

She leaves a husband and three children, and one brother, T. A. Williams, of Windsor, N. D. They were formerly living at this place and were the children of Levi Williams. T. A. is the only living representative of the family now.

R. M. WILLIAMS.

A Profitable Week.

The Mission services that were conducted at St. Mark's Catholic Church last week closed on Sunday. They were very largely attended and must result in good to Father Downey's flock as well as members of other denominations, many of whom attended every service. Fathers Grohowski and Lauer, who conducted the services, are highly educated gentlemen, fluent talkers and enthusiastic workers in their mission duties.

Muttersbough-Johnston.

Mr. Joseph S. Johnston, editor of Driftwood Gazette, and Miss Gertrude Muttersbough, the pleasant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Muttersbough, of Driftwood, were married at the residence of her parents, Wednesday noon, May 21st, Rev. Faus, of M. E. church officiating. After a short trip to eastern points they returned to Driftwood and are now comfortably located in their home, receiving their friends. The PRESS congratulates these excellent young people and bespeak a happy future.

Emporium's First Rector.

The Rev. C. C. Parker of Philadelphia, stopped at the Warner House Tuesday night en route to Warren, where he will take part in the consecration services of Trinity Memorial church on Friday. Mr. Parker was the first rector of that Parish, having been sent to the oil regions in 1864 by Bishop Alonzo Porter. He had charge also of missions in Corry and Ridgway, and held occasional services in Emporium. He was the first Episcopal clergyman to hold services in this place, having been here before the Rev. Mr. Orrick, whose name is the first to appear in the old register of the Emmanuel Parish.

WEATHER REPORT.
(Forecast by T. B. Lloyd.)

FRIDAY, Fair.
SATURDAY, Rain.
SUNDAY, Probably Fair.

Republican County Convention.

In accordance with a resolution adopted by the Republican County Committee, empowering the Chairman to call a Caucus and County Convention, the Republican Primary Elections and County Convention for Cameron county will be held as follows, to-wit:

County Convention.

The Republican County Convention will meet at the Court House, in the Borough of Emporium, on

TUESDAY, JUNE 3rd, 1902,

at 1:00 o'clock, p. m.,

For the purpose of electing delegates to the State, Congressional and Senatorial Conventions and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

Republican Primary Election.

The Republican Primary Elections for Cameron county will be held on

SATURDAY, MAY 31st, 1902.

Emporium Borough—West Ward, at Reading Room, at 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.—4 delegates; Middle Ward, at Council Room, at 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.—3 delegates; East Ward, at Hose House, at 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.—3 delegates.

Shippen Township, at Court House, at 2:00 to 4:00 p. m.—6 delegates.

Portage Township, at Sizerville Bath House, at 6:00 to 8:00 p. m.—2 delegates.

Lumber township, at McConnell's Store, Cameron, from 6:00 to 8:00, p. m.—3 delegates.

Gibson Township, at Curtin House, Driftwood at 2:30 to 4:30 p. m —5 delegates.

Driftwood Borough, at Curtin House, at 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.—4 delegates.

Grove Township, at Shaffer's Hotel, from 6:00 to 8:00 p. m.—4 delegates.

The last date for filing names of delegates for nomination, with the County Committee for each election district for delegates to the County Convention, is May 24th.

By order of County Committee,

A. C. BLUM, Chairman

Attest:—
J. P. MCNARNEY, Sec'y.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Come and see the best Refrigerator. The only good one on earth at LaBar's.

The Refrigerators will keep you cool just to look at them. Costs you nothing to look at them at LaBar's.

Zinc and Grinding Make

Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint wear twice as long as lead and oil mixed by hand. Murry & Coppersmith sell our paint. tf

The restaurant run in connection with the Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.'s great department store in Buffalo is an ideal place to rest and to relieve the tedium of shopping. The cuisine sustains the firm's motto "second to none" and the prices are very moderate.

SHAW'S PURE MALT—Is free from adulteration, drugs, crude spirits and other harmful ingredients. Absolutely pure.

Sold By
36-47-1y F. X. BLUMLE.

Cypher Chick Feed for young chicks. Contains eleven different seeds and grains. Also Cypher egg stimulant and lice powder. Guaranteed to give satisfaction. G. H. DICKENSON.

Fashion orders you to wear white this season—comfort nudges you and says do. Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co., of Buffalo, anticipated the trend of fashion months ago and have the most beautiful and dainty goods. See their advertisement in another column.

PAINTING AND PAPER HANGING.—The undersigned has secured the services of two first-class painters and paper hangers and is prepared to take contracts, either by day or job. First-class work guaranteed.
12-tf C. A. VAN LEW.

Comfort and fashion stand together this year. This will be a white year—more white will be worn this season than ever before. After all it is the wisest choice, for what could be cooler, more dainty and becoming for summer wear than just white. The Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co., of Buffalo, are first in the field with the season's choicest goods which are just the thing for graduating gowns and use after. Their advertisement appears in another column.

Not in a Trust or Combine.

The new easy running "Le Roy Plows" are made by an independent company not controlled by a trust. Farmers, these plows are the best made. They are "easy to hold" and "easy to draw"; furnished in all sizes and style adapted to the conditions of soil on your farm. Call for a catalogue and leave your order for a "Le Roy Plow," at

C. H. JESSOP,
Emporium, Pa.

No Gloss Carriage Paint Made

Will wear as long as Devoe's. No others are as heavy bodied, because Devoe's weigh 3 to 8 ounces more to the pint. Sold by Murry & Coppersmith. B

Edgar Newton, who for several months has been attending Buffalo Dental College, is at home for several weeks, to visit with his parents, on West Allegany Avenue.—12-3.

A Emporium Woman Asks

"Have you a floor paint that will last two weeks?" Yes we have Devoe's; it has a beautiful gloss and will wear two years if properly applied. Murry & Coppersmith. B

MARRIED.

GRIBBLE—DANFORTH.—At the home of S. S Hacket, Emporium, Wednesday, May 14, 1902, by Rev. F. W. McClelland, Wm. Henry Gribble and Miss Olive Levine Danforth, both of Emporium.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Accounts of the Spanish crops have, on the whole, been favorable, but a recent mail report from Barcelona states that the fields, though looking well, were infested with weeds to a great extent and that a plague of locusts was spreading.

The late Bret Harte was a good deal of a recluse, in that respect resembling Hawthorne more than any other man of letters. In spite of his long absence from California he never lost the spirit of that golden state, his latest stories of mining camps breathing the same air as those he wrote for the Overland Montnly in early days.

The new English stamps just issued, and which represent the king crowned with a wreath, will undergo a change immediately after the coronation, when the wreath will be replaced by a crown. It was considered inappropriate to represent the king with a crown on his head before the actual coronation had taken place.

Thirty years ago Miss Rachel Dickson and Peter Barclay, of Middletown, N. Y., were lovers. A quarrel separated them and he went to Ringold county, Iowa, where he married. His wife and two children died, and lately he followed them. In his will he left all his estate, valued at $30,000, to his old sweetheart, who remained single.

A murderer, imprisoned in a cell beneath the earth, where he lay for four days of horror after St. Peirre had been buried under the discharges of the volcano, is said to be the sole survivor of all the thousands of St. Pierre. No stranger or more dreadful story could be conjured by the wildest imagination of the romancer, and such a story would be criticised as too improbable, even in romance.

An interesting discovery has been made at the Island of Capri, in the shape of an underground vault in which the Emperor Tiberius used to confine the victims of his displeasure prior to their being thrown into the sea. The walls are covered with inscriptions, some of which go to show that among those immured subsequently in the prison were the sister and wife of the Emperor Commodus.

An historic bell, which was cast at St. Petersburg and sent to Chicago as a choice Russian exhibit for the world's fair, has been stolen from the rear of St. Vladimir's Russian church. It was valued at $500, weighed 500 pounds and in two months was to have been placed in the belfry of a new church which St. Vladimir's congregation is erecting. It was presented to the church by the Russian consul.

Boston is clamoring for a new custom house, and expects the next congress to appropriate money for the erection of a bigger and better arranged building than the present old structure on State street. The city's merchants say that with collections exceeding $20,000,000 a year and much money now paid for rent of outside premises the port merits the new building and the government would profit by erecting it.

A white house gardener was busy the other morning around a flower bed transplanting flowering plants. President Roosevelt chanced to be passing and paused a moment to watch the landscape artist at work. "I think you are setting those plants too close together." Without looking up to see who was giving his advice, the gardener replied: "Well, I know I'm not." The gardener went on with his work and the president resumed his walk.

Alfonso is a Bourbon, the descendant of Henry of Navarre and the Grand Monarch, Louis XIV. According to Bourbon traditions he is not a lawful monarch, for he traces his title through Isabella, his grandmother, who succeeded in spite of the Salic law, which excludes women from the succession. Isabella's father, Ferdinand VII., undertook to set aside this law, thus excluding his brother, Don Carlos, who was heir presumptive to the throne.

The rapid displacement of horses from street-car lines of cities from 1880 onward helped to disturb the market for horses. An impression prevailed that a permanent decline in the use of horses had begun, and that the depression of prices would be permanent. Within recent years a great reaction in demand has occurred and the supply is now inadequate. Horses have been in active demand for shipment abroad, and special classes of horses are in strong demand at home.

IN OUR ARMY'S DEFENSE.

Senator Lodge's Strong Championship of American Troops in the Philippines.

That speech which Senator Lodge delivered a few days ago in defense of the American troops in the Philippines against the partisan attacks made upon them will warm the heart of every patriotic American who reads it, even as it warmed the hearts of those who heard it, says the Albany Journal.

The speaker made no attempt to deny that insurgents had been subjected to cruel treatment, but against that treatment he set the barbarous cruelties practiced by the hostile natives as justification. He told, for instance, of the terrible fate of three soldiers who were captured and, while they were in helpless captivity, stripped naked and told that if they would exclaim: "Long live the Philippine republic," they might escape into the bush. The senator continued:

"One of the three stood up there, naked, in the midst of that hostile crowd, and cried: "Long live America!" They tied him to a tree, and then men, women and children stoned him to death. The other two lost heart and cried: "Long live the Philippine republic!" but they were cut to death with bolos. Do you wonder that the American soldiers after that, went into battle with cries for vengeance? I am not here to excuse torture or cruelty, but I cannot condemn human nature in an American soldier under such circumstances as those."

Senator Lodge said he would not in the remotest way seek to defend cruelties practiced upon helpless prisoners by American soldiers, but he protested against attacks made against the whole army because of isolated acts that may have been committed by individual members or small detachments.

"Let us be just to the American army," the speaker exclaimed. "It is not a republican army. It is not a democratic army. It is our army. Don't let us condone a single offense. But let us be just, at least, to our own. Let us remember, living here in sheltered homes far away from the sound and the trials of war, not only their sufferings, but their temptations, their provocations, their trials. When we condemn Waller for shooting treacherous guides, when we think of that little band of his that struggled through the wilderness of Samar, where no Spaniard had ever gone, and came out on the other side delirious with suffering—let us remember the circumstances ere we condemn."

Coming to the partisan motives for the attack upon the army, the speaker said that while it had been alleged that American troops had been guilty of cruelty and torture inflicted upon Philippine natives, the army had been guilty of a crime greater than cruelty in the minds of those making the attack. "It has been guilty of the crime of success. It has been a victorious army. It has put down the insurrection, it meets now, as it met after Appomattox, abuse and attack, when Grant was called a butcher." In conclusion he said:

"When justice is done, when the guilty have been punished for proved offenses, when the whole story has been made up, I believe that, after all that has been said and all the denunciation that has been heaped upon our troops and our officers has fallen into silence, we shall find that in the history of the country the record of that army, gleaming with victories from Trenton to Manila, will shine brightly in the annals of the republic, when those who vilify it are but blots on a remembered name."

The applause that came from the audience while Mr. Lodge was speaking and the congratulations which he received from many of his colleagues when he had finished prove that his appeal to patriotism evoked ready and enthusiastic response. Those who believe that partisan capital can be made out of abuse of the men who are fighting under the stars and stripes to uphold the nation's honor and authority against barbarian rebels have had their say. It remains for them to learn the grossness of their error. They received their first lesson from that forcible and eloquent speaker, that thoroughly loyal American, Senator Lodge.

POLITICAL DRIFT.

☞It is painful to free trade organs to find that the volcanic eruptions cannot be charged to a protective tariff.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞The democratic party could do nothing better at present than lump Tillman and Bryan together and throw them out.—Indianapolis News (Ind.).

☞Few democrats are willing to admit now that they were responsible for plunging the nation into war with Spain. They are all anxious to put upon the republicans the blame for the horrors which have resulted from the prosecution of the war.—Cleveland Leader.

☞It requires no great length of line to fathom the ulterior purpose of the charges of cruelty concerning the American soldiers in the Philippines. Up to a recent period the accusation of inhumanity had never been leveled at men in United States uniform. A special effort seems to be in progress, however, to make it appear that our soldiers in the Philippines are more brutal and more merciless than the Turkish Bashi-Bazouks or the Chinese Boxers.—Los Angeles Herald (Dem.).

☞Bryan is making fierce war on the reorganizers, and, of course, he has the sympathy of the republican party in doing it. So long as he lives the crime of 1896 will not be forgotten or forgiven. The democrats who were against him then will never get his support, or the support of any men whom he can influence. From the present indications, too, Bryan would be a very good risk for a life insurance company. He shows no disposition to get out of politics, either.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

STILL BEING DELUDED.

Democrats Continue to Run After Will-o'-the Wisp Visions of Success.

A former resident of this city, who was the democratic candidate for the national house in this district four years ago, and who, it may be added, regularly elected himself in every speech before the votes were counted, appears to be in New York talking about the results of the city elections in Indiana. This long-range observer finds in the results indications of a turning against the republican administration and the assurance of a republican reverse this fall in Indiana. The man in New York who has had this prediction telegraphed to the Cincinnati Enquirer has been repeating it before every election that has been held in Indiana for years. Once it was protectionism that was to sweep the republican party out of existence; next republican adhesion to the gold standard was to engulf the organization. When he ran for the house on a 16-to-one platform it was McKinleyism, the sickness in the camps and the artificial character of the country's prosperity which would land him in the house. All these predictions counted for naught. The republicans triumphed. The prosperity continued to increase four years longer, and most of the champions of 16 to one are cursing the fate which attached the placard to them for all time. Yet this prophet keeps on his tripod, predicting the things the opposite of which happen with wonderful regularity, says the Indianapolis Journal.

The Journal has before said that there is nothing discouraging to the republicans in the city elections last week. More and more municipal elections turn on local issues, as they should. The element which has been in power a long time naturally makes a record, even if it is a good one, which displeases men belonging to the same party, and they do not vote, or vote for the other candidate. This happened in the late municipal elections to both parties. Both parties made nominations which the voters did not like, and men went into the election booth to defeat objectionable candidates. Councils have not met the public demand in regard to improvements, and the public settled the account with both parties at the polls. The only indication in these elections was that the taxpayers are seeking better management of city affairs. When the returns from the cities are inspected the candid seeker will find it impossible to discover any indication as to national politics. He will find in one or two cases that a democratic candidate for mayor has pulled through by a few votes where all other republican candidates were elected by large majorities. He will find the result reversed in several cities—one democratic candidate being defeated and all the others elected. All these results indicate that municipal affairs are getting out of national politics.

The democratic managers in Indiana, as elsewhere, are in hard lines. They chase any will-o'-the-wisp that catches their unbalanced political vision. Every two years they are the victims of defective political vision. Fortunately, they have so often proclaimed victories that do not materialize that no sensible man believes them. They are singularly the victims of distorted vision in what they declare they see in the recent municipal elections.

EXPANDING INDUSTRY.

Increasing Evidence of the Beneficent Policy of the Republican Party.

One phase of the growth of the manufacturing interests of the country is illustrated in a bulletin just issued by the treasury bureau of statistics, dealing with the imports of manufacturers' materials, says the Cleveland Leader.

During the month of March such imports were valued at about $41,000,000, being more than 49 per cent. of the total imports for that period. For the nine months of the fiscal year ended with March the imports of materials were valued at $310,792,429, or 46 per cent. of the total imports of $678,698,016.

It is estimated that the imports of materials for the present fiscal year will far exceed those of any previous year in the history of the country. The highest figure reached in any previous year was $390,000,000 in 1900. This year the total is likely to reach $425,000,000. In 1890 the imports of materials amounted to only 34 per cent. of the total imports; this year they are likely to be at least 50 per cent.

These imports in the order of their value are hides and skins, chemicals, raw silk, fibers, copper, indiarubber, wood, tin in pigs, wool, and cotton. These vast imports of raw materials show that while practically all the home products are being turned into marketable goods, work is given to thousands of Americans in converting foreign materials into finished products also. There is really something amazing about the industrial expansion of the United States that has come since the election of 1896. It is clear that the voters made no mistake when they turned the government over to the republican party at that election.

☞In his paper, Col. Bryan asks this question: "Are you opposed to giving the control of the party organization into the hands of the sulkers, skulkers and shirkers who sold out the democracy in 1896 and 1900, and who seek now to secure the leadership of the party they betrayed?" Certainly, colonel; the country must be saved, and your job must be maintained.—Iowa State Register.

A FREE LAND.

Cuba Turned Over to Her Own People.

President Palma Took Up the Reins of Government.

American Flag Lowered and Gen. Wood and United States Troops Leave the Island for Home Immediately After the Brief Ceremonies.

Havana, May 21.—The natal day of the republic of Cuba found Havana arrayed like a queen, to await the coming of her lord. She seemed reinvested for the occasion with the dignity of the prosperous days of her power and wealth. The decorations were universal.

Above every red, tiled roof rose a Cuban flag. The whole city seemed suddenly buried beneath a forest of waving banners. The decorations along the water front were exceedingly lavish, and all the shipping in the harbor was dressed in gala attire.

The ceremony itself was brief and simple. After formal greetings, Gen. Wood read the documentary transfer prepared by the war department, pledging the new government to immediately proclaim the constitution and the Platt amendment contained in the appendix, and to undertake all obligations assumed by the United States, with respect to Cuba, by the treaty of Paris.

Senor Palma attached his signature to the document, as president of the republic, after an exchange of congratulations, and an old veteran, Gen. Gomez, ascended to the roof of the palace. He was instantly recognized and met with a great demonstration of welcome. Gen. Wood undid the halliards from the flagstaff and lowered the American colors. As they fluttered down the distant boom of one of the great guns of Cabanas fortress, across the bay, was heard. It was followed by another and another, in rythmic succession, until 45 shots had been fired, one for each state in the union. The jurisdiction of the United States had ended.

In the meantime a Cuban flag had been bent on the halliards of the palace flagstaff, and by his own hand Gen. Wood raised it as an act of the United States, Gen. Gomez assisting him. As the flag flew free, the streets below fairly waved with the cheer that arose, and again the guns of Cabanas spoke, this time with a national salute of 21 guns.

The demonstration was still in progress when the cavalry wheeled and marched to the wharf, where they immediately embarked on the Morro Castle. Gen. Wood and his adjutant general, Col. Scott, with two aides, after last exchange of good wishes, were driven to the pier, where they entered a launch and were flicked away to the Brooklyn. Both ships got under way as soon as possible and steamed out of the harbor.

While this was occurring at Havana, a similar scene was being enacted at Santiago, where Gen. Whiteside turned over the authority to his Cuban successor, and sailed away with two troops of the Eighth cavalry. Only eight batteries of American artillery remained on Cuban soil.

Washington, May 21.—Secretary Hay, according to the plan arranged some time ago, took the final step yesterday in acquainting the nations of the globe that the United States has redeemed its solemn pledge to make a free people in the island of Cuba. This was done by the dispatch by cable to every capital where there is resident either an ambassador or minister for the United States, of an identical note informing our representatives that the military occupation of the island of Cuba by the United States had ceased, and that and that an independent government, republican in form, had been inaugurated there, under the presidency of Tomas Estrada Palma.

BEEF TRUST.

A Temporary Injunction is Granted Against the Packers.

Chicago, May 21.—The temporary injunction asked for by the government against the members of the so-called packers' combine is now in force. It was issued last night by Judge Grosscup, after a close of arguments in the United States circuit court room. The order gives the relief prayed for in the bill filed by District Attorney Bethea on May 10. It is so wide in its scope that if the packers or their agents continue with their present alleged uniform arrangements they will be taken into court on contempt proceedings and the burden of proof will be on them to show that they have not violated the order in any particular.

Little opposition was raised against the government's petition. Attorney John S. Miller, who was the sole representative of the packers present, pointed out some objectionable clauses in the draft of an order presented by Mr. Bethea. These concerned the alleged agreements for credit, blacklisting and cartage. Judge Grosscup thought some of these minor clauses had been made too prominent and he himself drew a form of order that pleased both sides.

Destroyed by Fire.

Philadelphia, May 21.—A large three-story brick building at Broad and Vine streets, occupied jointly by Marks Bros., department store proprietors, as a warehouse, and the Pennsylvania Electric Vehicle Co. was destroyed by fire yesterday. Mrs. Sarah A. Meyers, 74 years old, who resides in a small street in the rear of the warehouse, and Ross Rauch, a fireman, were overcome by smoke. The loss is estimated at $100,000, Marks Bros. sustaining the bulk of the damage. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Mrs. Mamie Herbert, 56 Elmwood Ave., Buffalo, N. Y., Treasurer Empire State Fortnightly, Buffalo, N. Y., After Eight Years' Suffering Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Inflammation and ulceration of the uterus laid me low and robbed life of its joys for me. For eight years I was in frequent pain and misery, and then **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** came to me, the greatest boon I have known, for it brought new life and health to me. I used several bottles of Compound and your Sanative Wash. My improvement was slow, but from the first bottle I felt that I was better, and so I kept up courage and continued the treatment. None of my friends ever dreamed that I would be well again, but I have now enjoyed life to its fullest extent for three years."—MRS. MAMIE HERBERT.

$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Probably True.

"Where did all these skeletons come from?" asked the visitor at the medical college.

"Can you keep a secret?" queried the medical student.

"Sure thing," replied the visitor.

"Then I'll tell you," said the embryo M. D. and continued in a loud whisper: "We raised them."—Chicago Daily News.

Second Kings, Fourth Chapter, Tenth Verse.

If you read this verse you will find the basis for the little story printed in The Four-Track News for May, which is entitled "The Prophet's Chamber." The Four-Track News will be sent free to any address in the United States for one year for 50 cents; single copies, 5 cents. Address Geo. H. Daniels, Publisher, Grand Central Station, New York.

His First Shad.

Little Willie (at restaurant)—Pa!

His Father—What is it, Willie?

"This planked shad has got lots of slivers in it."—Judge.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease. At all Druggists, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Nearly every man actually believes that other men are interested in his troubles.—Chicago Daily News.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—John F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

To be good and disagreeable is high treason against the royalty of virtue.—Hannah More.

THE MARKETS.

New York, May 24, 1902.

Flour—Prices weak.
Wheat—No. 2 red 87⅜c.
Corn—No. 2 at 70c.
Oats—No. 2 white 51c.
Hay—Steady.
Beeves — Steers $5.75@7.25, veals $5.00@7.25.
Sheep — Clipped $3.50@5.50, clipped lambs $5.25@6.00.
Hogs—Firm at $7.40@7.75.

Cleveland, May 24.—Winter wheat patents, $3.95@4.10.
Wheat—No. 2 red 84¼c.
Corn—No. 2 yellow 67c.
Oats—No. 2 white 48½c.
Hay—Timothy $13.50.
Butter—Best creamery 25½c.
Eggs—Strictly fresh 16c.
Potatoes—Best grades 80@85c.
Cattle — Choice steers $6.40@6.50, calves $6.75@7.00.
Sheep—Best $5.40@6.60, lambs $6.25@6.50.
Hogs—Yorkers $6.95.

Toledo, May 24.—Wheat—Cash 84c.
Corn—Cash 63¼c.
Oats—Cash 44½c.
Cloverseed—Cash $5.02½.

East Buffalo, May 24.—Cattle—Prices unchanged. Veals $6.75@7.00.
Hogs — Heavy $7.40@7.45, mixed $7.30@7.35.
Sheep—Lambs $6.90@7.05, mixed sheep $5.50@5.75.

East Liberty, Pa., May 24.—Cattle—Choice $6.95@7.25, prime $6.50@6.80, veals $7.00@7.50.
Hogs — Prime heavy $7.35@7.45, light $6.95@7.05.
Sheep—Prime wethers $5.50@5.65, choice lambs $6.75@7.00.

Private Baby Show.

Tom—What's the matter, old chap? You look all broke up.

Jack—No wonder. I spent three hours last evening in the home of a young couple with their first baby.—Chicago Daily News.

Fits Permanently Cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free $2.00 trial bottle. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Men are continually going up against schemes that look like more money and less work.—Chicago Daily News.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Fear not the scorn of ignorance nor the slurs of pretenders.—Town Topics.

Complete Treatment FOR EVERY Humour

Price $1.00

CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET of these great skin curatives is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, crusted, scaly, and pimply skin, scalp, and blood humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails.

Millions of People

USE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS (Chocolate Coated) are a new, tasteless, odorless, economical substitute for the celebrated liquid CUTICURA RESOLVENT, as well as for all other blood purifiers and humour cures. In screw-cap vials, containing 60 doses, price 25c.

Sold throughout the world. SOAP, 25c., OINTMENT, 50c., PILLS, 25c. British Depot: 27-28, Charterhouse Sq., London. French Depot: 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris. POTTER DRUG & CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

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For Infants and Children

Bears the Signature Of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

HONEST AS A CLASS.

There Are But Few Malingerers Among Government Clerks.

Most of Them, Both Men and Women, Cheerfully Attend to the Duties Which They Are Engaged to Perform.

[Special Washington Letter.]

THE proceedings of congress are carefully reported by the most skillful stenographers; and every word uttered in debate is noted down, type-written, set into type and printed in the Congressional Record. These proceedings are accurately published, and copies are preserved in the Congressional library, the library of the senate, the library of the house of representatives and in the library of the department of state. Thus, from 1842, when efforts were first made to secure accurate and complete reports, the utterances of our statesmen are recorded so that quotations may be made forever; and complete reports will always be made.

The legislative appropriation bill was under consideration recently, and Mr. Hemenway, of Indiana, having charge of the bill, was interrupted by Mr. Robinson, of Indiana, with inquiries which led up to an interesting subject. The debate was carefully reported, and it appears in the Congressional Record as follows:

Mr. Robinson—I desire to call the attention of the gentleman to the subject of the sick leave of employes in the departments, a subject to which the committee addresses itself largely in the report. I understand that in the executive departments in Washington the heads of those departments may require not less than seven hours' service of employes and not more than eight hours, and that these employes are granted an annual leave of 30 days with pay, and in addition to that they have 30 days' sick leave with pay each year.

Mr. Hemenway—I want to call the gentleman's attention to this fact, just to correct the statement he makes. The law requires that they shall perform not less than seven hours' service. The head of a department may call upon them to put in 17 hours a day if he is so disposed.

Mr. Robinson—Under the law, can they be required to perform more than eight hours' work?

Mr. Hemenway—Yes.

Mr. Robinson—Now, the gentleman has said that there is no abuse of the sick-leave privilege in Washington—

Mr. Hemenway — The gentleman does not want to misquote me. I say that in instances there is abuse of the sick leave in Washington, that in many instances there is abuse of it; but on the whole the result is not bad.

Mr. Robinson—The gentleman does not hold the heads of departments responsible for this, because he says they are doing the best they can under the law. This is only the position in which I desire to place the gentleman. I believe he says that; but the fact nevertheless remains that this abuse exists, and I want to ask him if his committee have considered this branch of the question, that the government employes here in Washington have 60 days' leave of absence with pay, while the employes of the government outside of the city of Washington many of them have no leave of absence at all, while others have but 15 days' leave of absence, and none have the sick-leave privileges unless they are connected with

HON. JAMES M. ROBINSON.
(Representative in Congress from Twelfth Indiana District.)

the executive departments here in the city of Washington. Now, has the gentleman's committee considered the question of reducing the sick leave, or cutting it away altogether, as a privilege granted to the executive employes in Washington? I rather hoped he would do that so there would be some means of equalization of the privileges of vacation of all employes throughout the United States.

Mr. Hemenway—I want to call the gentleman's attention to this fact, that there is no law giving to the clerks of the departments in Washington 30 days' sick leave. The heads of departments may give them that leave if they so desire, but there is no law requiring it. On the other hand, the law requires that limited leave be granted for department clerks outside of Washington. In 1899 15 days were given to the clerks and employes in first and second-class post offices, and to the employes of the bureau of engraving and printing, which was extended in 1896 to compositors and pressmen in the auditing division of that bureau.

Mr. Robinson — If the gentleman will pardon me, this is not sick leave, but vacation. In the first place, the printing department in Washington has no sick leave; they get an annual vacation of 30 days, but they do not receive a sick leave.

Mr. Hemenway—I call the gentleman's attention to the error he makes—that there is a 30-days' sick leave granted to other employes. The table on page 11 of the report shows that they do not get 30 days' sick leave; that the average sick leave, over and above the 30 days' annual leave, is only three days and a fraction. Now, observe the statement: You take all of the departments at Washington, and the av-

FAINTED AT HER DESK.

erage sick leave is only a fraction over three days.

This debate was prolonged; but sufficient is here quoted to show the facts, and the animus of Mr. Robinson. Later in the day he announced that he had prepared and would introduce a bill cutting off the sick leaves of employes of the government. His attack upon the clerks has caused a great deal of consternation among the civil service employes of the government. Not less than 75,000 people depend upon government employment for bread and butter.

The readers of this column of correspondence have been informed from time to time of the facts showing that government clerks receive larger salaries for less hours of work than any other class of people in our country. They who succeed in securing employment in the civil service are exceedingly fortunate. But, while it is true that they are fortunate in their environments, and while it is further true that a majority of them do not realize that they are to be envied, it does not not follow that they are dishonest nor dishonorable. There is no reason why Mr. Robinson, of Indiana, or any other man in congress should attack their integrity and assume that they are a class of malingerers.

There are clerks who absent themselves from their desks and send word that they are sick, when that report is false. There are congressmen whose lives are as crooked as a dog's hind leg. But it is not fair to assume that all of a class are alike dishonorable. As a general rule when clerks report themselves indisposed they are telling the truth.

It is customary for the executive departments to permit clerks to have 30 days of sick leave every year, without deducting their pay for absence. This is merely humane. But the integrity of clerks is manifested when Mr. Hemenway publicly reports that so few clerks report themselves sick that in all of the executive departments the average sick leave is "only a fraction over three days." That shows that thousands of clerks never take any sick leave at all, while other thousands take only such leave as they are entitled to, on acocunt of impaired health.

The writer knows of five individual cases in which good clerks after having been absent sick for 30 days, were required to resign their positions on account of continued sickness. This was a great hardship, to lose an income when illness required the expense of medical attendance and medical skill. In each case the departments held their positions for them, and four of the good clerks recovered and were restored within a year. If a sick clerk is absent more than a year, the civil rules will not permit restoration to office. One of the clerks referred to above died within a year after losing his place.

There are thousands of ladies in office, some of them in delicate health. They have children or parents or other dear ones dependent upon them. They are conscientious and faithful. Many of them go to their desks to work when they have swimming headaches, or other ailments, and they do not shirk. Not many days ago a young lady fainted at her desk in the office of the auditor of the post office department. She is a fragile creature, but bravely performs her duty for the benefit of others.

While worthy of commendation, that young lady is only one of a class of worthy women, all of whom deserve praise. It is unfair that any censure or shadow of censure should be aimed at them. They are worthy public servants all. And the majority of the men are like unto them for fidelity.

SMITH D. FRY.

Senator Hoar's Little Joke.

Senator Hoar is a joker. On receiving word that a friend who had been supposed to have appendicitis was suffering, not from that ailment, but from acute indigestion, he remarked: "That is good news. I rejoice that the trouble lies in the table of contents rather than in the appendix."

Farm Lands in Alaska.

Alaska, it is said, can furnish homesteads of 320 acres each to 200,000 families.

31,000 DEAD.

Estimated Loss of Life at St. Pierre, Martinique.

Sixteen Hundred Dead and 4,000 Destitute at St. Vincent.

Mont Pelee Is Still Throwing Out Cinders--American and British Consuls Bodies Identified --Work of Relief Is Progressing.

New York, May 20.—The first official estimate of the results of the explosion of Mont Pelee have been announced, says a Fort de France dispatch to the World. This gives 28,000 as the number of people buried in the ruins of St. Pierre. Six thousand persons were rescued by steamships or fled to places of safety. Three thousand probably were drowned. This is the most complete estimate made so far.

The bodies of Thomas T. Prentiss, American consul, and James Japp, British consul, have been identified, and will be brought here for shipment. Both bodies are bruised by the fall of lava and stones almost beyond recognition.

Washington, May 20.—Secretary Hay yesterday received the following cablegram from United States Consul S. A. McAllister at Barbados, W. I., dated May 19: "Sixteen hundred deaths at St. Vincent; 4,000 destitute. Immediate wants supplied.

Fort De France, May 21.—Yesterday morning at 5:30 a thick, heavy cloud, lit up by flashes of lightning and the rising sun, rose from Mont Pelee. The people of Fort De France at once became panic-stricken, and in scant attire rushed excitedly through the streets of the town. Stones from the volcano as large as hazel nuts fell in the streets. Many of the inhabitants hurriedly embarked on the vessels in the harbor, and it was with difficulty that they were eventually reassured. At 7 o'clock, however, the excitement was over and the people became calm.

Washington, May 22.—Adjt. Gen. Corbin has received the following cablegram from Capt. Gallagher, date of 21, who went to Martinique on the Dixie: "Effects of eruption confined to north portion of island. St. Pierre and neighboring village totally destroyed. Thirty thousand is a fair estimate of the loss of life in zone of destruction; physical conditions normal, but people are panic-stricken. This condition was increased by yesterday's eruption, which was quite severe, but did not materially add to desolation. Supplies of all kinds sufficient for eight weeks. What has been done was just what emergency demanded and nothing further can be suggested; government and people most grateful. Dixie now discharging part of cargo; will proceed with what remains to St. Vincent."

Paris, May 23.—The government is considering the possibility of the necessity arising for the evacuation of Fort de France, and of the whole island. The ministers do not believe that any such emergency will arise, but they are taking all the necessary measures to meet it if it does.

Fort de France, May 23.—The correspondent of the Associated Press has had an interview with M. Clere, a member of the legislature of Martinique, who recently explored the vicinity of Mont Pelee, in which he said:

"I started Friday last for Mont Pelee by the road leading along the coast from Basse Pointe and, accompanied by M. Tellaine Chancele, chief engineer of the sugar works

"The pond which was situated near Morne La Croix is completely dried up. The rims of the crater have very much changed in appearance and the heat where we stood was intense, and the whole aspect of the mountain was terrifying. Stones fell around us, and we picked up large pieces of sulphur, which, however, we were unable to retain. The whole spot was charged with electricity, which became so violent that we were obliged to retreat.

"Our descent from the mountain was more difficult than our ascent. A blinding rain of ashes fell upon us, and the engineer was nearly killed by a large stone which fell near him. We succeeded in reaching Basse Pointe, on our return, after having been four hours on the mountain under the most dangerous circumstances."

Fort de France, May 24.—It is reported on seemingly reliable authority that a new crater is forming at Ajoupa Bouillon, which lies on the side of the mountain opposed to St. Pierre, with its northern face toward the Atlantic. A huge fissure is said to have opened there which is vomiting gases and volcanic matter similar to those thrown out from the crater at the summit.

The volcano is now throwing off large quantities of ashes.

London, May 24.—A special dispatch from Ponte-a-Pitre, Island of Guadeloupe, dated May 23, says a faint light was observed Thursday night in the direction of the island of Martinique, accompanied by detonations, and that fears are entertained of further disasters.

Will Test the Law.

Helena, Mont., May 23.—Life insurance companies operating in Montana have begun a suit to test the constitutionality of the law requiring them to pay personal property tax upon the amount of premiums in excess of cost.

Situation is Improving.

Port-au-Prince, Haiti, May 23.—The United States cruiser Topeka arrived yesterday to protect American interests. The presence of the warship in these waters has had an excellent effect. The situation of affairs is improving.

O'BRIEN TESTIFIES.

He Produces Dum Dum Bullets Before the Committee.

Gen. Crozier Says They Were the Regulation Bullet—No Explosive Bullets Have Been Issued Since the Petersburg Convention in 1868.

Washington, May 22.—Corporal O'Brien, formerly of the Twenty-sixth volunteer infantry, was before the senate Philippine committee again yesterday, and produced the alleged "dum dum," or explosive bullets. He said they were not like the ordinary cartridges because they did not have the letters "U. S." on them. Gen. Crozier, chief of ordnance, was next called.

Gen. Crozier, in the course of his examination, said that the cartridges produced by Mr. O'Brien were not different from the ordinary regulation cartridges. Asked if they were "dum dum," or explosive bullets, the witness replied in the negative. "They are perfectly normal bullets," he said. The regulation Krag-Jorgensen bullet, he said, often has practically the same effect as a "dum dum," or explosive bullet. This effect was not alway dependent upon distance. He related instances of laceration which had come under his own observation. He also said that no explosive bullets had been issued since the St. Petersburg convention of 1868.

O'Brien then was closely questioned by Senator Beveridge, who required the witness to go into very minute details respecting his charge that a number of American officers had violated the person of a Spanish woman at the time the town of Igabaras was burned. The witness said that in addition to her husband, there were several servants residing in the house with this woman. He had first heard of the woman in the case because of the talk of her exceptional beauty, but that he could not remember whether the husband, when he told him of the crime that had been committed, had given the name of any officers connected with it. The man had stated, however, that there were four of them engaged in the affair.

Questions by the senator brought out the fact that there were then just four American officers in the town of Igabaras. "Consequently," said the senator, "if the statements made by the woman's husband are true, these four men are guilty of the crime charged." The witness assented to this inference.

Senator Beveridge asked the witness if he had made any report concerning the treatment of the Spanish woman. The witness replied that he had not made such a report, "because," he said, "I knew that if I should have reported the affair I would be dogged, and that my life thereafter would be a hell."

"Why, then, did you volunteer a statement in regard to the matter?"

"I wanted the committee to know the facts as they had come to me," he replied, "and as I am now out of the army and a citizen of the United States, I felt that I would be safe in reporting the matter."

He went on to say that it made no difference how just the complaint of a man in the army might be the man who made it was sure to be hounded for doing so.

RIOT IN WORKHOUSE.

One Man Killed and Two Others Are Wounded at Canton.

Canton, May 22.—Three men were shot in a riot at the Stark county workhouse Wednesday morning. Guard George Jacob was instantly killed and Guard Homer E. Stone was fatally wounded. Stone was shot twice. The shooting was done by Charles Gigante, a prisoner. During the riot, Gigante was fatally shot.

Gigante, a Stark county prisoner, sent up for driving a horse to death, jerked a revolver from the pocket of a new guard named Klotz and at once opened fire. Immediately the whole crowd of prisoners and officials were in a panic.

One of Gigante's wounds, it has developed, was self-inflicted in an effort to kill himself after he had killed Jacob and wounded Stone. He has made a statement regretting the grief he has caused others, but expressing satisfaction so far as he is concerned. He expects to die. In his statement he says that he was urged to the act by other prisoners and that it was a part of a plot hatched by a number of them. Workhouse officials do not believe this part of his story, partly because none of the prisoners made a hostile move after the shot was fired.

Royal Sport.

Madrid, May 22.—The royal bullfight, which is the most typically Spanish feature of the festivities in connection with the crowning of the king, occurred yesterday in the presence of the king, the queen mother, the royal family, the Spanish nobles and the special envoys. Many ladies were also present. An interesting feature of the bullfight was the revival of the old mediaeval custom under which the scions of noble families fought the bulls with lances from horseback. Three bulls were killed in this manner. The most renowned bull fighters in Spain took part in yesterday's fight.

Manufacture of Watches.

Washington, May 22.—A special report of the census bureau on watches and watch cases was issued yesterday, showing a capital of $22,754,483 invested in the manufacture of watches and watch cases in the 43 establishments reporting for the United States. This does not represent the capital stock of any of the manufacturing corporations. The value of the products is $14,606,571, involving an outlay of $583,813 for salaries of officials, clerks, etc.; $5,511,570 for wages; $889,982 for miscellaneous expenses.

BURNED AT STAKE.

Negro Who Assaulted a White Woman Meets an Awful Fate.

Longview, Tex., May 23.—A man hunt, which had been in progress since last Saturday, ended yesterday in the burning at the stake of Dudley Morgan, a negro, who assaulted Mrs. McKee, wife of a Texas & Pacific section foreman, at Lansing, Tex. Great throngs gathered at the Lansing switch and arrangements were made to burn the negro.

The negro was not taken from the train on the side where the crowd was, and when the engineer started to pull out, several Winchesters were leveled at him and others of the train crew. They were told if they moved the train an inch they would be killed. The prisoner was identified by Mrs. McKee and several negroes who worked on the section with Morgan. The negro was escorted by about 200 men, armed with Winchesters, to the place of execution. As he was chained to the stake he made a statement in which he implicated another negro named Franklin Heard, saying Heard was to get part of the money which was to be stolen.

Morgan confessed to having committed the crime and after he had been securely chained to the rail with his hands and legs free, the mob began to take railroad ties from a fire, already started, and burn out his eyes. They then held the red hot and burning timbers to his neck, and after burning his clothes off, to other parts of his body. The negro screamed in agony.

The negro's head finally dropped and the ties were piled around and over him. In half an hour only the trunk of his body remained.

McKee, the husband of the woman assaulted, applied the match to the faggots.

DISTINGUISHED VISITORS.

President Roosevelt Meets the Guests of the Nation—They Visit Washington's Tomb.

Washington, May 23.—Surrounded by the members of his cabinet, and by officials high in all the branches of the government, President Roosevelt yesterday received as the guests of the nation, the distinguished Frenchmen sent by President Loubet to take part in the Rochambeau exercises. The arrival in the city of the brilliantly uniformed French army and navy officers, and their escort through Pennsylvania avenue by a troop of United States cavalrymen, gave picturesque interest to the occasion, and to this was added the international significance of an extremely cordial exchange of greetings between the representatives of the two nations.

After the president's reception at the White House, the French visitors exchanged calls with members of the cabinet and Lieut. Gen. Miles and Admiral Dewey.

In the afternoon they journeyed to Mount Vernon, where Gen. Brugere, of the French army, placed a laurel wreath on the tomb of Washington and Count de Rochambeau planted a tree taken from the battleground of Yorktown. Last night President Roosevelt had the French party as his guests at dinner at the White House.

Annapolis, Md., May 24.—The luncheon given yesterday on board the French battleship Gaulois in honor of President Roosevelt was one of the most memorable incidents of the visit of the distinguished French soldiers and sailors to this country.

The president was welcomed by Ambassador Camdon in the name of President Loubet, to which President Roosevelt responded briefly.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

Blaze at East Buffalo Causes a Loss Estimated at $600,000—One Man Killed.

Buffalo, May 23.—Fire which started about midnight destroyed the trasfer house of the East Buffalo stockyards this morning. The flames spread to the hundreds of cars surrounding the building and a great number of them were destroyed. Some of the cars were empty, but the most of them contained valuable merchandise. The transfer house was a one-story frame buliding 1,000 feet in length. Owing to its location and the crowded condition of the tracks in the vicinity, it was nearly an hour before the firemen succeeded in getting sufficient water to check the rapid progress of the flames.

William Lester, a switchman, was struck by falling timbers from a partially burned car and sustained injuries which resulted in his death before the arrival of an ambulance.

The car shops were saved. Nearly 600 cars were destroyed. The loss is roughly estimated at $600,000.

Meat Riot.

Boston, May 23.—"Kosher meat" disturbances broke out in the west end section of this city yesterday. About 300 Hebrews—men, women and children—assembled in front of a meat store, on Brighton street, and threw eggs and decayed fruit at the building. The windows were smashed and the stock of meats ruined. The police interfered and arrested two women and one man, who were the ringleaders. A customer, who was leaving the store with a piece of meat, was assaulted, and a woman was injured during the stampede of the crowd. Later crowds attacked two meat stores in the North End.

Town Flooded.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 23.—A special from Conover, Ia., says: The town of Decorah, Ia., has been shut off from communication from other parts for the last 48 hours. The storms of Tuesday night flooded the valley from Conover to Decorah, sweeping away railroad bridges, tracks and telegraph poles and flooding the town. Two men drove from Decorah to Conover yesterday and reported the water ran through the streets, carrying away bridges and some of the smaller houses. They said that two lives had been lost.

100 MEN ENTOMBED.

Gas EXplosion in a British Columbia Mine.

Little Hope Entertained of Rescuing Any of the Unfortunate Men Alive -- Eighteen Bodies Found--Victims Are Foreigners.

Vancouver B. C., May 24.—One of the most terrible mine disasters in the history of the frequent accidents in British Columbia occurred Thursday night in the Crow's Nest Coal Co.'s mine, at Fernie, B. C. Over 100 men are either dead or imprisoned in the mine, and little hope is entertained of rescuing any who may yet be alive. Fernie is 300 miles up country and the limited telegraph facilities have not enabled complete details of the disaster to be sent out.

The management has a list of 133 men who are known to have been in the mine, and there were probably others. Of these only 24 are known to be safe. It is feared that few, if any, of the remaining men are now alive.

What caused the explosion has not yet been definitely ascertained. Many of the miners were ignorant foreigners and one of the mine shafts was always more or less gaseous. The true cause of the disaster will probably not be positively ascertained, for it is doubtful if any man who knows will ever reach the outer air alive, or be able to tell the tale. The explosion took place in No. 2 shaft, being repeated in a few seconds in No. 3 with which it was connected.

From all available sources assistance is being rushed to the scene of the calamity. Already the work of liberation has been begun with such means as are at local command and 18 bodies have been taken from the mine. The presence of coal damp makes the work of rescue very dangerous and is seriously hindering the efforts of the workers.

These are the outlines of a most heartrending calamity, the only disaster which has occurred in British Columbia exceeding it in magnitude being the death of 157 men in Wellington mine 18 years ago.

The 18 bodies already recovered were those of men who had been engaged at work not a great distance from the mouth of the tunnel, and the fact that they were overcome would seem to indicate that there is little hope for those further in the mine.

TRADE CONDITIONS.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Bulletin—Business Is Satisfactory.

New York, May 24.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Many minor labor controversies have been settled, but the situation in the anthracite coal region has assumed a more serious aspect. Railway earnings continue satisfactory, roads reporting for two weeks of May show gains of 6.1 per cent. over last year and 18.4 per cent. over 1900.

No change is reported in the iron and steel situation, former conditions merely becoming intensified by the threatened decrease in supplies of fuel and the labor controversies in certain branches of industries.

The railways are seeking rails, rolling stock and other equipment, while contractors require much structural material.

Slight concessions are now obtainable in some lines of footwear, although the market as a rule is fairly steady, but dull. Leather is firmly held, especially desirable weights advancing.

Print cloths are quiet at last week's decline.

Quiet conditions have prevailed in the cereal markets, with only a moderate volume of option transactions and fractional changes in quotation. Exports of wheat, including flour, were only 3,863,568 bushels during the past week from all ports of the United States, against 5,225,130 bushels in the corresponding week last year. Small receipts of corn, amounting to only 1,263,188 bushels for the week, against 2,667,542 a year ago, held the spot price at about 70 cents.

Dispatches from correspondents of R. G. Dun & Co. indicate satisfactory progress with the new corn crop and a material increase in acreage.

Failures for the week numbered 192 in the United States against 180 last year and 12 in Canada against 22 last year.

Murder and Suicide.

South Bend, Ind., May 24.—John W. Churry, aged 31, a carpenter, shot and killed his sweetheart, Susanne Kecskemeti, aged 16, Friday morning, and then killed himself with the same revolver. Churry and the girl, with her parents, all apparently in good spirits, sat on the porch until midnight, when the parents retired. About 15 minutes later, the mother heard three shots. She gave the matter but little thought, however, and went to sleep. At 2 o'clock she awoke and looking out saw the bodies of her daughter and Churry lying on the ground. The couple evidently had planned to die together. They apparently had lain on the ground side by side. There was no indication of a struggle and no reason for the tragedy is known.

Two Men Killed.

Easton, Pa., May 24.—Two men were killed and many men and women injured in a trolley wreck a few miles beyond Easton on Thursday night. The dead: Edward Commodore, Nazareth; Joseph Derhammer, Easton. An Easton and Nazareth car left this city shortly before midnight carrying 89 passengers. On a steep hill in Palmer township, the brake refused to work and the car ran away, descending the incline at a terrific rate of speed. At the foot of the hill there is a sharp curve. Here the car jumped the track and tearing loose from the trucks fell on its side.

Cameron County Press

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid is advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less, $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

☞No advertisements will be accepted at less than the price for fifteen words.

☞Religious notices free.

STATE AND COUNTY POLITICAL NOTES.

Former Governor Hastings is going to Europe and has quit politics for a time. He said at his home in Bellefonte yesterday:

"I cannot take part in the political contest as I am going away. I am not a candidate for Congress and would not accept the nomination if it were tendered me, as my business interests would not allow it."

***

The Susquehanna-Wayne Republican Senatorial conferrees could not agree on a candidate in Susquehanna Wednesday, and adjourned to meet on Monday, June 23d, at Wilkes-Barre.

***

Geo. W. Gentry, of Sterling Run, was in Emporium on Monday attending to his duties as Assessor of Lumber township. Friend Gentry is "feeling" the pulse of the voters, contemplating entering the field for county commissioner next fall. He would receive a strong support in Lumber.

***

Elk County Republican convention on Monday was one of the most exciting sessions in the history of the party of Elk. Administration politicians worked hard to defeat the almost unanimous sentiment for Elkin. But the result of the fight was in favor of the Elkin men. Two pronounced Elkin delegates were elected. Joseph C. Sibley was endorsed for Congress and E. J. Jones. of St. Marys, for State Senator. A full county ticket was also named, and J. C. Miller was re-elected county chairman.

Whooping Cough.

A woman who has had experience with this disease, tells how to prevent any dangerous consequence from it. She says: Our three children took whooping Cough last summer, our baby boy being only three months old, and owing to our giving them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, they lost none of their plumpness and came out in much better health then other children whose parents did not use this remedy. Our oldest little girl would call lustily for cough syrup between whoops.—Jessie Pinkey Hall, Springfield, Ala. This remedy is for sale by L. Taggart.

That the theatre hat is like most other trouble—there's a woman at the bottom of it.

What Thin Folks Need.

Is a greater power of digestion and assimilation f od. For them Dr. King's New Life Pills work wonders. They tone and regulate the digestive organs, gently expel all poisons from the system, enrich the blood, improve appetite, make healthy flesh. Only 25c at L. Taggart's.

That there is no particular reason why a man who makes money in oil should wear a bored look.

Spring Ailment.

There is an aching and tired feeling; the liver, bowels and kidneys become sluggish and inactive, the digestion impaired, with little or no appetitt, no ambition for anything, and a feeling that the whole body and mind needs toning up. The trouble is, that during winter, there has been an accumulation of waste matter in the system. Herbine will remove it, secure to the secretions a right exit, and by its tonic effect, fully restore the wasted tissues and give strength in place of weakness. 50c at L. Taggart's.

Foley's Honey and Tar is peculiarly adapted for asthma, bronchitis and hoarseness. L. Taggart.

Dangerous if Neglected.

Burns, cuts and other wounds often fail to heal properly if neglected and become troublesome sores. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve prevents such consequences. Even where delay has aggravated the injury De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve effects a cure. "I had a running sore on my leg thirty years," says H. C. Hartly, Yankeetown, Ind. "After using many remedies, I tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel, a few boxes healed the sore." Cures all skin diseases. Piles yield to it at once. Beware of counterfeits. R. C. Dodson.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, May 26th., 1902.

Editor Press:—

The sudden death of Lord Pouncefote, after an illness which was known to be serious but which no one thought would terminate fatally, has cast a shadow over official and social life in Washington, which is in marked contrast to the gayety which marked the ceremonies attendant upon the unveiling of the Rochambeau statue. Lord Pauncefote died at 5:30 on Saturday morning but no official intelligence of the fact reached the White House until after the unveiling. Nevertheless there were many in attendance at the dedicatory exercises who had learned of the sudden death of the Ambassador, and out of respect to the deceased diplomat the reception, which had been planned for Saturday evening at the French embassy, was not given.

Lord Pauncefote, G. C. B., G. C. M. G., came to the United States as the diplomatic representative of his government in 1893 and the whole course of his career as British Ambassador at Washington has been a decided success. He, with Secretary Olney, drafted the general arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain, which treaty was the forerunner of the great work in the interest of peace accomplished at the Hague convention. His final work, and the one for which he will be remembered, was the Hay-Pauncefote treaty by which the United States and Great Britain reached an amicable agreement in regard to the construction of an Isthmian canal. While representing a government which receives credit for being most aristocratic in its tendencies, Lord Pauncefote was a very democratic man and had endeared himself to the many in Washington with whom he came in almost daily contact. There is some talk of adjourning both houses of Congress to-day out of respect to the late Ambassador who was not only the Ambassador of Great Britain but dean of the diplomatic corps. His successor as dean of the corps will be Herr von Holleben, Ambassador from Germany.

The unveiling of the Rochambeau statue which took place on Saturday was great success. While the Marine Band played the national air of France, the "Marseillaise". the Countess de Rochambeau drew the cord which let fall the French and American flags with which the statue was draped and, as the troops of the two nations presented arms, the guns of the Fourth Battalion boomed out the national salute on the field back of the White House. The address of Senator Lodge which was the feature of the unveiling, was a beautiful and polished oration such as was to have been expected from the historian-statsman of Massachusetts. In a few words the President welcomed the French guests and complimented them on the appearance of their marines. Ambassador Cambon responded, referring to the fact that while the representatives of the fair republic for which he had the honor to speak and the personal representatives of her President were taking part in this auspicious ceremony, President Loubet himself was the guest of the "Great White Father", the Czar, and concluding, congratulated the United States on the friendly regard in which she is held by all the nations of the earth.

While the Philippine debate still occupies the attention of the Senate the monotony of the proceedings has been somewhat varied by the speeches of Senators Hoar and Beveridge. The address of the former, while regarded by his colleagues as somewhat visionary and chimerical, was a remarkably eloquent production and held the closest attention of his auditors for upwards of three hours. Senator Beveridge, replyiug to the speech of Senatoa Dubois of Idaho, cited the fact that our exports to Japan had increased from $3,000,000 to $29,000,000 a year within a short period and maintained that there was reason to look for a similar development of our trade with China; all which rendered it imperative that the United States should maintain control of the Philippines. He stated that the islands were the door to the Chinese trade which was well worth cultivating, as the trade between China and all foreign nations already aggregated $250,000,000 per annum and would increase greatly within the next few years. To-day, or to-morrow, should the Senate adjourn over to-day, Senator Patterson will again speak on the Philippines. He will probably be followed by Senators Burrows, Spooner, Bailey, Pettus and Clay and Senator Bacon has not yet finished his speech so that there seems to be no hope that the bill will be disposed of this month.

Don't Start Wrong.

Don't start the summer with a lingering cough or cold. We all know what a "summer cold" is. It's the hardest kind to cure. Often it "hangs on" through the entire season. Take it in hand right now. A few doses of One Minute Cough Cure will set you right. Sure cure for coughs, colds, croup, grip, bronchitis, all throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts at once. Children like it. "One Minute Cough Cure is the best cough cough medicine I ever used," says J. H. Bowles, Groveton, N. H. "I never found anything else that acted so safely and quickly." R. C. Dodson.

That the man who is born to rule should never get married.

Traveling is Dangerous.

Constant motion jars the kidneys which are kept in place in the body by delicate attachments. This is the reason that travelers, trainmen, street car men, teamsters and all who drive very much suffer from kidney disease in some form. Foley's Kidney Cure strengthens the kidneys and cures all forms of kidney and bladder disease. Geo. H. Hausen, locomotive engineer, Lima, O., writes, "Constant vibration of the engine causen me a deal of trouble with my kidneys, and I got no relief until I used Foley's Kidney Cure." L. Taggart.

That most people believe in eternal punishment—for their enemies.

Biliousness is a condition characterized by a disturbance of the digestive organs. The stomachis debilitated, the liver torpid. the bowels constipated. There is a loathing of food, pains in the bowels, dizziness, coated tongue and vomiting, first of the undigested or partly digested food and then of bile. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets allay the disturbances of the stomach and create a healthy appetite. They also tone up the liver to a healthy action and regulate the bowels. Try them and you are certain to be much pleased with the result. For sale by L. Taggart.

That the shirt waist man will make another struggle for recognition.

Wants Others to Know.

"I have used DeWitt's Little Risers for constipation and torpid liver and they are all right. I am glad to indorse them for I think when we find a good thing we ought to let others know it," writes Alfred Heinze, Quincy, Ill. They never gripe or distress. Sure, safe pills. R. C. Dodson.

That people who are in love with themselves have no fear of rivals.

Holds up a Congressman.

At the end of the campaign," writes Champ Clark, Missouria's brilliant congressman, "from overwork, nervous tension, loss of sleep and constant speaking I had about utterly collapsed. It seemed that all the organs in my body were out of order, but three bottles of Electric Bitters made me all right. It's the best all-around medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter." Over worked, run-down men and weak, sickly women gain splendid health and vitality from Electric Bitters. Try them. Only 50c. Guarranteed by L. Taggart.

That it is well to put off till tomorrow the unkind things you might do today.

Cures When Doctors Fail.

Mrs. Grank Chiasson, Patterson, La., writes June 8th, 1901: "I had malaria fever in very bad form, was under treatment by doctors, but as soon as I stopped taking their medicine the fever would return. I used a sample bottle of Herbine, found it helped me. Then bought two bottles, which completely cured me. I feel grateful to you for furnishing such a splendid medicine, and can honestly recommend it to those suffering from malaria, as it will surely cure them." Herbine, 50c bottle at L. Taggarts.

That every girl has her good points and that's why a fellow gets stuck on her.

For Female Complaints

And diseases arising from an impure state of the blood Lichty's Celery Nerve Compouud is an invaluable specific. Sold by L. Taggart.

That it is easy to love your enemies after you have gotton the better of them.

When you get a headache

Don't waste a minute but go to your druggist and get a box of Krause's Headache Capsules. They will prevent pain, even though your skull were cracked. They are harmless, too. Read the guarantee. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

Satan finds some mischief still for idle hands to do.

A Revelation.

If you will make inquiry it will be a revelation to you how many succumb to kidney or bladder troubles in one form or another. If the patient is not beyond medical aid, Foley's Kidney Cure will cure. It never disappoints. L Taggart.

That compliments are like sugar coated pills, all the sweetness is on the outside.

What is Foley's Kidney Cure.

Answer: It is made from a prescription of a leading Chicago physician, and one of the most eminent in the country. The ingredients are the purest that money can buy, and are scientifically combined to get their utmost value. L. Taggart.

Try the new remedy for costiveness, Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Every box guaranteed. Price, 25 cents. For sale by L. Taggart.

STERLING RUN, PA.

We have returned from the city, and as usual we bought too many goods. The goods are on our shelves for your inspection and we invite the public to come and inspect them and get prices. We will sell these nice up-to-date goods for the next THIRTY DAYS at a very small margin to reduce our stock. NOW IS THE TIME FOR GOOD BARGAINS.

We sell BRUSSELS CARPET from sample, we measure your room, cut carpet to fit and sew it if you wish. We carry INGRAIN carpets and FLOOR MATTING in Stock. Our prices on matting are 16c, 20c, 25c, 28c, and 30 cents per yard.

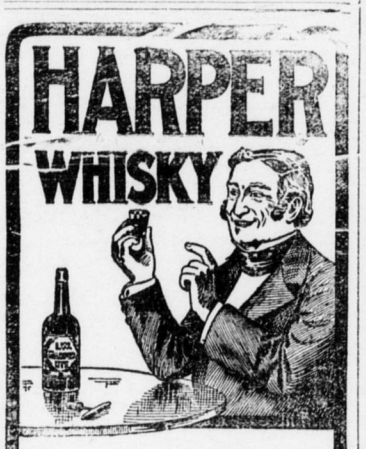
We are agents for

DEMOREST SEWING MACHINES,
DEERING HARVESTER COMPANY,
AMERICAN AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL FERTILIZER CO.

J. E. SMITH,

Sterling Run, Pa.

HARPER WHISKY



Famous at home for Generations past; Famous now all over the World.

For sale by

WM. McGEE.

Adam,
Meldrum &
Anderson Co.

BUFFALO, N. Y.

THE WHITE SUMMER.

DAME FASHION has decreed that this shall be a white year—more white will be worn than ever before. It is a good choice, too, for there is no cooler, daintier summer wear than "just white" and nothing that makes woman-kind so fascinating.

Muslin Dresses.

For Graduating, Commencements, Confirmation, Etc,

White Wash Chiffons, sheer, dainty and fine—to be worn much, **35c, 40c, 50c, 60c** and **75c** a yard.

White Persian Lawns, beautiful qualities, **15c** to **75c** yard.

White Scotch Organdies, 45 inches wide, will launder perfectly, **25c 35c** and **50c.**

White French Organdies, 72 inches wide—sheer fine fabrics—**50c** to **$1.25** a yard.

White Swisses, Irish muslin from Belfast—the most popular fine white goods of the season. Best wearing, best washing goods to be had, **25c, 35c, 40c, 50c, 60c, 75c** and **80c** a yard.

White Pique for skirts, French and English warps, the finest corded goods made, **25c, 50c** and **75c.**

Extra Special.

100 pieces fancy lace stripes, cheviots, madras, and Oxfords, for waists, were 25c and 30c, this week,..... ..... 15c

Samples Cheerfully Mailed.

The Restaurant

Out-of-town patrons will find the cafe an excellent place to relieve the tedium of shopping. Finest teas and coffees served. Hot dishes in ten minutes.
YOU CAN SHOP BY MAIL.
Orders attended to the same day received.

Adam,
Meldrum &
Anderson Co.
The American Block,
BUFFALO, N. Y

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN CURES CONSTIPATION.

Swell Foot Wear

We begin a special sale of seasonable shoes. Our stock has been carefully selected and we are pleased to place before you the most complete line of Men's Shoes in this county.

It is value in every feature that goes to make up a perfect shoe. The leather is the best that can be bought, the workmanship, style, fit and finish have never been excelled in any shoe made.

We have all the very latest and popular makes and are offering them to the trade at a moderate price. If you want something exceptionally fine and extremely durable, we ask you to come and look our large stock over before you make your purchase.

Shirts

The handsome shirts for this season are here. The prettiest and newest designs. Throughout this stock, our first consideration is quality and the second is low price. By adhering to this policy we are prepared to give our customers greater values than are obtainable elsewhere.

Stylish Hats

The equal of this handsome display has never been known hereabouts. The price will be found about the same as heretofore, but the style of hats, in straw and felt totally different and are the very latest creations.

Jasper Harris,

The People's Popular Clothier.

The Summer Days Are Coming

and now is the time to prepare for them. We have received a full line of shirt waists suits of percales and mercerized zephyrs, etc., from $1.55 to $4.00 and a lot of shirt waists in percale and satines, well made and nicely finished, from 50c to $1.50 each.

Our line of silk zephyrs, mercerized chambrys, Persian lawns, Swiss silks, seersuckers and Ginghams are selling rapidly. Do not wait until the best are picked before making your purchase.

We have just received a line of dimities in up to date colors. Regular 13c goods, at 10c per yard.

Ladies' and Misses Fancy Hose.

While in our store ask to see our line of Ladies and Misses Hose in drop stitch, fancy lace and polka-dott, from 25cts to 45cts a pair.

Our line of ladies wrappers is complete. They are made to fit and are of good material. Percales and calicoes from $1.00 to $1.75 each. This week we are expecting a shipment of ladies linen turnover collars and cuffs; something new that will fit very nicely with shirtwaists.

G. B. HOWARD & COMPANY.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., May 6, 1902.

NEMOPHILA, per sack	$1 20
Graham, "	60
Rye "	60
Buckwheat, "	
Patent Meal, "	50
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 50
Chop Feed, "	1 50
Middlings, Fancy "	1 50
Bran,	1 40
Corn, per bushel,	84
White Oats, per bushel,	60
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

R. C. DODSON.

Telephone, 19-2.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card or letter, personally.

Miss Mary Dunninger, of Port Allegany, was guest of Miss Gertrude Laumer, over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. House will move to Pittsburg, where Mr. H. has secured a position.

Miss Hattie Russell, who has returned Emporium, expects to spend the summer here with her mother.

Miss Nellie Huntley, of Driftwood, has been spending a few days in town this week, guest of Miss Maud Steck.

Samuel Lewis, E W. Gaskill and W. L. Thomas, all good shippen Republicans, were PRESS callers on Saturday last.

Chas. W. Williams, Mason Hill, was calling on Emporium friends last Saturday. He took time to pay his respects to the PRESS.

E. C. Davison is at Scranton this week, attending a session of the Grand Commandery, K. T., of which he is a prominent member.

General Manager Mr. Fred Julian is comfortably situated in his new offices, recently erected as an addition to the Climax offices at this place. It would be hard to find handsomer offices.

William H. Howard and family left on Monday for Gettysburg, where they will attend a meeting of the State Board of Agriculture. From Gettyburg they go to Philadelphia to pass a few days.

Misses Edna and Ellen Auchu, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Auchu, are visiting relatives at Williamsport, expecting to be absent some time. They are guests of their grandparents.

Edward Moore writes the PRESS from Manistique, Mich., where he is in the employ of Federal Leather Company, erecting a new tannery. Ed. says the tannery is going to be a big one but while the country is nice, it is wild.

Mrs. William Beattie and children, of Berganot, Pa., who have been guests of Mrs. John Beattie and children, on Sixth street the past week, have left for Foot of Plane, Bradford county, where Mr. Beattie has accepted a position with Barclay & Co. Mrs. Beattie and daughter, Miss Emma, called on the PRESS before leaving and ordered the paper to their new home.

Grant S. Wiley, of Galeton visited here over Sunday.

Judge Huntley, of Driftwood, visited in town yesterday morning.

J. P. Felt and family will arrive from their Florida home on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Welsh, visited their son and wife at Ridgway, last week.

A. F. Andrews and wife have returned from visiting Coudersport friends.

Miss Maud Thomas entertained her friend, Miss Catharine Spense, of Cleveland, over Sunday.

Miss Bertha Dinger has returned to Emporium for the summer and is attending summer school.

Miss Anna Cleary has accepted a clerkship in Emporium postoffice, Miss Murphy retiring next Saturday.

Mr. Josiah Howard is looking after business interests in Wisconsin this week. He returns home on Saturday.

County Treasurer Walter Yothers and his partner, Geo. Crawford, are pushing work on their new band mill at Grantonia.

Mrs. John J. Hinkle came up from Philadelphia on Monday to spend a few weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Riley Warner.

Father O' Hern, of Driftwood, was in town on Tuesday, shaking hands with his friends and visiting Father Downey.

Mrs. J. D. Logan returned from Williamsport last Sunday, where she visited relatives for several days. J. D. went on Saturday to see his mother.

Lieut. Frank T. McNarney, of the Ninth cavalry, U. S. A., has been ordered to remain at Presidio, San Francisco, until after his examination for promotion to first lieutenant.--Williamsport Sun.

Rev. Pugsley, pastor of First Baptist church, accompanied by Rev. Dr. John Feltwell, who is conducting services at Baptist church, were PRESS callers yesterday. Their services are well attended.

Mr. A. Morgan, of Emporium, has accepted a position with Fred Kronenwetter, tonsorial artist.....Miss Jessie McCain, one of the sweet girl graduates of this year's class, went to Emporium this week to take a course at the Emporium Normal School —St. Marys Gazette.

Mrs. A. Dent Smith, who has been visiting her father and mother at North Bend, assisting in caring for her father, who has been in poor health returned to Emporium last week, Wednesday, accompanied by her parents, who will spend some time here, where it is believed their health will be benefitted.

A delegation of Royal Arch Masons from this city went to Emporium Tuesday afternoon to assist in working the Royal Arch degree in that lodge. One of the best working lodges in Western Pennsylvania is at Emporium. After adjournment of the Chapter the members and visitors were invited to the Warner House where a splendid banquet was served by the propietor of that hostelry and to which about fifty sat down. No nicer layout was ever spread before Emporium Masons than that furnished on that occasion. The whole occasion was a very enjoyable one especially to the visitors —Port Allegany Reporter.

Low-Rate Excursion to Buffalo and Niagara Falls, Decoration Day.

On Decoration Day, Friday, May 30, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will run a special low rate excursion to Buffalo and Niagara Falls. Round-trip tickets, going only on train indicated, and good returning on all regular trains stopping at stations named, May 30 and 31, but not good in Pullman sleeping or parlor cars, will be sold at rates indicated:—

	Train Leaves.	Rate.
Emporium	8:30 A. M.	$2 50
Shippen	8.42	2 50
Austin (B. & S. R. R.)	8.00	3 00
Keating Summit	9.04	2 50
Coudersport	8.28	2 75
Port Allegany	9.25	2 25
Clermont	8.45	2 50
Colegrove	9.00	2 50
Smethport	9.14	2 25
Larabee	9.45	2 15
Eldred	9.53	2 00
Portville	10.12	1 75
Buffalo	Ar. 12.40 P. M.	....
Niagara Falls	1.40	....

Children between five and twelve years of age, half rates. 2300-13-2t

Labor rids us of three great evils; irksomeness, vice and poverty.

That some people have an idea to be brilliant they must cast reflections on others.

Chester K. Sartwell.

Chester King Sartwell died Saturday morning at 10:30 o'clock at the Olean House, Olean, where he had resided with his son, Henry S. Sartwell, for a number of years. He was 78 years and 5 days old. His death was caused by a series of paralytic strokes, the first of which occurred about three weeks ago.

The subject of this sketch was born in this borough May 12, 1824, where he always resided until about five years ago when he went to Olean to live with his son Henry. He was of Republican belief and in 1875 he was elected prothonotary of this county, which office he most creditadly filled for the three succeeding years. Previous to this he was for many years engaged in the mercantile business in this place and was postmaster of this borough for several years. He was widely known thoughout this section and counted his friends in hosts.

In 1845 he was united in marriage to Miss Elizabeth Chapin, the fruits of this union being five children, three of whom survive, namely: Henry S. Sartwell of Olean, Mrs. Eugene Quackbush of Cleveland, Ohio, and Miss. Mary E. Sartwell of Bradford, who with the deceased's two brothers, George W. and Roswell Sartwell, deeply mourn his demise. His wife preceded him into the great beyond about ten years.

A prayer service was held in the parlors of the Olean House Monday morning at 9 o'clock by Rev. J. W Ashton and the remains were brought to Smethport on the Pennsylvania railroad on the morning train. They were taken to Rose Hill cemetery, followed by a large number of relatives and friends, where Rev. J. Heber McCandless held services and the remains were laid at rest in the family plot.—Smethport Miner.

Letter to Frank X. Blumle.

Emporium, Pa.

Dear Sir: You know a good paint when you see it. Devoe lead and zinc is the paint that costs half as much as lead and oil because it wears twice as long.

But it looks no better, when first put on.

You must wait a little to see the difference.

The first summer takes off the gloss of lead and oil; the second summer it chalks; the third, it wants repainting. It probably spots in a month or six weeks: the gloss goes off in spots or in sections.

Devoe lead and zinc even holds its gloss longer than lead and oil wears The loss of gloss marks the beginning of wear, but it keeps out water ten years, in favorable conditions.

Painters think three years is enough. It is, for lead and oil.

Yours truly,
76 F. W. DEVOE & Co.

P. S.—Murry & Coppersmith sell our paint.

A local physician declares it is unjust to refer to the doctor's fee as illgotton gains.

Reveals a Great Secret.

It is often asked how such startling cures, that puzzle the best physicians, are effected by Dr. Kings New Discovery for Consumption. Here's the secret. It cuts out the phlegm and germ-infected mucas, and lets the life-giving oxygen enrich and vitalize the blood. It heals the inflamed, cough-worn throat and lungs. Hard colds and stubborn coughs soon yield to Dr. King's New Discovery, the most infallible remedy for all Throat and Lung diseases. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at L. Taggart's.

He Boiled It Down.

A beginner in newspaper work in a southern town who occasionally "sent stuff" to one of the New York dailies picked up what seemed to him a "big story." Hurrying to the telegraph office he "queried" the telegraph editor: "Column story on so and so. Shall I send?"

The reply was brief and prompt, but to the enthusiast unsatisfactory. "Send 600 words," was all it said.

"Can't be told in less than 1,200," he wired back. Before long the reply came:

"Story of creation of world told in 600. Try it."—New York Post.

Cannibal Trout.

Trout are cannibals, and it is a moot question whether in some waters large trout should not be systematically destroyed. Dartmoor fishermen are in favor of killing them. They say that fish in their streams of one pound to two pounds weight are hardly ever caught by ordinary means and live entirely on their own brethren. A two pound Devon trout is probably responsible for the death of several stones' weight of his own kind.—Nature Notes.

Stands Like a Stone Wall.

Between your children and the tortures of itching and burning eczema, scaldhead or other skin diseases.—How? why, by using Bucklen's Arnica Salve, earth's greatest healer. Quickest cure for Ulcers, Fever Sores, Salt Rheum, Cuts, Burns or Bruises. Infallible for Piles. 25c at L. Taggarts drug store.

That a east ward man declares that his wife makes counter charges against him, when she starts out on a shopping tour.

The Spring Fever

Is a malady which no one can escape at this season of the year. The vitality is usually overtaked during the winter months, and spring finds the system all run down. The blood is thinned and impure. The kidneys and liver are inactive —resulting in a loss of energy and appetite, and a derangement of the nerves. Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound will purify your blood, tone up your nerves, and leave you feeling fresh and energetic. Sold by L. Taggart.

That a great many people in this city are almost out of breath trying to keep up with their running expenses.

No Loss of Time.

I have sold Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for years, and would rather be out of coffee and sugar than it I sold five bottles of it yesterday to threshers that could go no farther, and they are at work again this morning—H. R. Phelps, Plymouth, Oklahoma. As will be seen by the above the threshers were able to keep on with their work without losing a single day's time. You should keep a bottle of this Remedy in your home. For sale by L. Taggart.

That many a man has been driven to his club because his wife insists on filling the house with cosy corners.

The Most Common Ailment.

More people suffer from rheumatism than from any other ailment. This is wholly unnecessary too, for a cure may be effected at a very small cost. G. W. Wescott, of Meadowdale, N. Y., says: "I have been efflicted with rheumatism for some time and it has caused me much suffering. I concluded to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm and am pleased to say that it has cured me." For sale by L. Taggart.

That the only place to keep cool in the summer is in the mountains, in spite of the mountain ranges.

A Lesson in Health.

Healthy kidneys filter the impurities from the blood, and unless they do this good health is impossible. Foley's Kidney Cure makes sound kidneys and will positively cure all forms of kidney and bladder disease. It strengthens the whole system. L. Taggart.

A Spring Tonic.

Everybody needs a tonic in the spring, at this time the system craves a tonic. It is housecleaning time for your body. Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound will tone up your nerves, blood, kidneys and liver and fill you with health and energy. Sold by L. Taggart.

G. A. R. Encampment.

For the benefit of those desiring to attend the Annual Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Pennsylvania, at Gettysburg, June 4 to 5, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Gettysburg from all stations on its line in the State of Pennsylvania, on May 31, June 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, good to return until June 7, inclusive at rate of a single fare for the round trip. For specific rates, apply to local ticket agents. 2306-14-2t.

Pennsylvania Railroad Reduced Rates to Minneapolis or St. Paul, Account National Meeting, Fraternal Order of Eagles.

On account of the National Meeting, Fraternal Order of Eagles, at Minneapolis, Minn., June 3 to 8, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from all stations on its lines to Minneapolis or St. Paul, May 31 to June 2, good to return not earlier than June 3, and not later than June 9, at greatly reduced rates. These tickets will be good for return passage only when executed by Joint Agent at St. Paul or Minneapolis and payment of 25 cents made for this service. By depositing ticket with Joint Agent not earlier than June 3' nor later than June 9, and payment of 50 cents at time of deposit, an extesion of return limit may be obtained to leave St. Paul or Minneapolis not later than July 7. 2309-14

Madam French Female Pills. Dean's
A safe, certain relief for Suppressed Menstruation. Never known to fail. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free.
UNITED MEDICAL CO., BOX 74, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart and R. C Dodson.

Wall Paper.

At Taggart's Drug Store the finest line ever brought to town. Prices lower than you ever saw them. Double rolls as low as 5c and the very best at 35c. Border just a liitle in advance of paper.

Paints, Varnish, Stains,
Varnish Stains,
Enamel,

in all shades and colors. A better line than ever offered to our people. Don't fail to call and examine.

L. TAGGART.

DAY'S

THE SATISFACTORY STORE.

With the present high prices for meats and many other items that go to make up the expense of living, it behooves the economical housekeeper to take advantage of every oppertunity to reduce this expense. You will find this store right in line to help you.

15c won't go very far, invested in meat, but it will buy a two pound package of any of the leading ceral foods, and will supply the same want several times over. Try it.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Granulated Sugar,, 1b 6c. 25 lb. bag, $1.40.

10c Baked Beans, can 7c. with or without tomato sauce.

15c Macaroni, imported, 12c.

10c Egg Noodles, 8c.

25c Queen Olives, 20c.

10c Corn, can 8c.

Try "Royal" Java and Mocha, The Queen of table Coffees, 35c lb. 3lbs $1.00.

Phone 6. J. H. DAY,

ICE CREAM
at wholesale.
Bonini Bros.,
Manufacturers of
PURE ICE CREAM,
RIDGWAY, Pa.,

Have greatly enlarged and improved their facilities for making ice cream and are better than ever prepared to supply the trade with all kinds of ice cream on short notice and at reasonable prices.

They have prepared to make a specialty of this line of business and intend to do a larger business than ever before. They will make better cream than ever. They want your orders and propose to please their patrons so as to get the trade. Give them a trial.

BOTH TELEPHONES.

We Have What You Need!

To brush up and make beautiful your home. The season of the year for such work has arrived and we would call the attention of the public to our very large and reliable line of Paints, Oils, Varnishes, the best in the world. In addition to the best paints, we have a first-class line of De Voe & Co.'s Brushes. Get a move on and be prepared to paint before the workmen are all engaged. We can save you money.

While you are painting your home or business place let us talk a little with you on Bath and Closets, Hot Water, Steam or anything in that line. Our increased facilities and expert workmen will do you good work. Don't delay until too late.

Farmers should bear in mind that we handle Plows, Harrows, Rakes, etc. In fact our Hardware, Stove and Plumbing Departments are up to the best.

Write or wire us, when a competent agent will call on you.

Murry & Coppersmith Co.

SPRING HAS COME

As spring opens everyone desires to have something fresh from their own garden as early as possible and

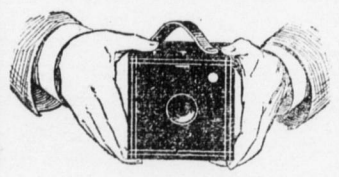
FRANK SHIVES'

is the very place to buy the best seeds of all kinds, both early and late varieties.

A full line of choice Clover, Timothy, Orchard Grass, Red Top and Lawn Grass in season. Also Millet and Hungarian Grass. Then his choice Hams, Bacon, Fresh Meat and Eggs deserve your attention. A few words about our Groceries and staple articles will not be out of place. Our Coffees and Teas can be relied on as always fresh. Sugars and Spices that will always please the thrifty housekeeper, while Canned Goods in every variety are presented for you to choose from. The freshest goods always to be found here. Prices reasonable and quality the best. Sole agent for Pillsbury flour, which is known the world over as the best.

FRANK SHIVES.

EASTMAN'S KODAK



You can carry it in your hands, on your shoulder, in your pocket or on your bicycle. You press the button and the Kodak will the rest.

"A Dollar Saved, is a Dollar Earned."

We can save you lots of dollars by buying your Wall Paper, Curtains and Paints of us.

H.S.LLOYD.

THE LAW.

'Tis a truth as old as the soul of things—
Whatever ye sow ye reap.
'Tis the cosmic law that forever springs
From the unimagined deep.
'Tis shown in the manifold sorrowings
Of the race; in remorse with its secret stings;
That he who grief to his brother brings
In his turn some day shall weep.

To the man who hears his victim's cries
And hardens his heart at the sound,
At last a Nemesis dread shall rise
From out of the void profound.
Who sows in selfishness, greed, and hate
Shall gain his deserts in the years that wait
For the slow and remorseless wheel of Fate
Forever turns 'round and 'round.

If ye give out of mercy and love and light,
The same shall return to you;
For the standards of right are infinite
And the scales of the gods are true.
By its good or evil each life is weighed;
In motives and deeds is its record made;
In the coin ye pay ye shall be repaid,
When your wages at last fall due.
—J. A. Edgerton, in Denver News.

My Strangest Case

BY GUY BOOTHBY.

Author of "Dr. Kikola," "The Beautiful White Devil," "Pharos, The Egyptian," Etc.

[Copyrighted, 1901, by Ward, Lock & Co.]

CHAPTER V.—CONTINUED.

When he had gone I sat down at my desk to think. I had had a good many surprises in my life, but I don't know that I had ever been more astonished than I was that afternoon. If only I had been aware of Hayle's identity when he had called upon me two mornings before, how simply everything might have been arranged! As a matter of fact I had been talking with the very man I had been paid to find, and, what was worse, had even terminated the interview myself. When I realized everything, I could have kicked myself for my stupidity. Why should I have suspected him, however? The very boldness of his scheme carried conviction with it! Certainly, Mr. Gideon Hayle was a foeman worhy of my steel, and I began to realize that, with such a man to deal with, the enterprise I had taken in hand was likely to prove a bigger affair than I had bargained for.

"Having failed in both his attempts to get me out of the way, his next move will be to leave England with as little delay as possible," I said to myself. "If only I knew in what part of London he was staying, I'd ransack it for him, if I had to visit every house in order to do so. As it is, he has a thousand different ways of escape, and unless luck favors me I shall be unable to prevent him from taking his departure."

At that moment there was a tap at the door and my clerk entered the room.

"Mr. Kitwater and Mr. Codd to see you, sir."

"Show them in," I said, and a moment later the blind man and his companion were ushered into my presence.

Codd must have divined from the expression upon my face that I was not pleased to see them.

"You must forgive me for troubling you again so soon," said Kitwater, as he dropped into the chair I had placed for him, "but you can understand that we are really anxious about the affair. Your letter tells us that you discovered that Hayle was in London a short time since, and that he had realized upon some of the stones. Is it not possible for you to discover some trace of his whereabouts?"

"I have not been able to do that yet," I answered. "It will be of interest to you, however, to know that he called upon me here in this room, and occupied the chair you are now sitting in, three days ago."

Kitwater clutched the arm of the chair in question and his face went as white as his beard.

"In this room three days ago, and sitting in your presence," he cried. "Then you know where he is, and can take us to him?"

"I regret that such a thing is out of my power," I answered. "The man came into and left this room without being hindered by me."

Kitwater sprang to his feet with an oath that struck me as coming rather oddly from the lips of a missionary.

"I see it all. You are in league with him," he cried, his face suffused with passion. "You are siding with him against us. By God you are, and I'll have you punished for it. You hoodwinked us, you sold us. You've taken our money, and now you've gone over and are acting for the enemy."

I opened the drawer of my table and took out the envelope he had given me when he had called. For a reason of my own I had not banked the note it contained.

"Excuse me, Mr. Kitwater," I said, speaking as calmly as I could, "but there seems to be a little misunderstanding. I have not sold you, and I have not gone over to the enemy. There is the money you gave me, and I will not charge you anything for the little trouble I have been put to. That should convince you of my integrity. Now perhaps you will leave my office, and let me wash my hands of the whole affair."

I noticed that little Codd placed his hand upon the other's arm. It traveled down until their hands met. I saw that the blind man was making an effort to recover his composure, and I felt sure that he regretted ever having lost it. A moment later Codd came across the room to my table, and, taking up a piece of paper, wrote upon it the following words:

"Kitwater is sorry, I am sure. Try to forgive him. Remember what he has suffered through Hayle."

The simplicity of the message touched me.

"Pray sit down a minute, Mr. Kitwater," I said, "and let me put myself right with you. It is only natural that you should get angry, if you think I have treated you as you said just now. However, that does not happen to be the case. I can assure you that had I known who Hayle was, I should have taken very good care that he did not leave this office until you had had an interview with him. Unfortunately, however, I was not aware of his identity. I have encountered some bold criminals in my time, but I do not know that I have ever had a more daring one than the man who treated you so badly."

I thereupon proceeded to give him a rough outline of Hayle's interview with myself, and his subsequent treatment of me. Both men listened with rapt attention.

"That is Hayle all over," said Kitwater when I had finished. "It is not his fault that you are not a dead man now. He will evade us if he possibly can. The story of the roughs you have just told us shows that he is aware that you are on the trail, and, if I know him at all, he will try the old dodge, and put running water between you and himself as soon as possible. As I said to you the other day, he knows the world as well as you know London, and, in spite of what people say, there are still plenty of places left in it where he can hide and we shall never find him. With the money he stole from us he can make himself as comfortable as he pleases wherever he may happen to be. To sum it all up, if he gets a week's start of us, we shall never set eyes on him again."

"If that is so we must endeavor to make sure that he does not get that start," I replied. "I will have the principal ports watched, and in the meantime will endeavor to find out where he has stowed himself away in London. You may rest assured of one thing, gentlemen, I took this matter up in the first place as an ordinary business speculation. I am now going on for that reason and another. Mr. Hayle tried a trick on me that I have never had attempted before, and for the future he is my enemy as well as yours. I hope I have set myself right with you now. You do not still believe that I am acting in collusion with him?"

"I do not," Kitwater answered, vehemently. "And I most humbly apologize for having said what I did. It would have served me right if you had thrown the case up there and then, and I regard it as a proof of your good feeling towards us that you consent to continue your work upon it. To-day is Friday, is it not? Then perhaps by Sunday you may have something more definite to tell us."

"It is just possible, I may," I returned.

"In that case I am instructed by my niece to ask if you will give us the pleasure of your company at Bishopstowe on that day. After the toils of London, a day in the country

A TRAVELING RUG THROWN OVER HIS SHOULDER, AND CARRYING A SMALL, BROWN LEATHER BAG IN HIS HAND, STOOD GIDEON HAYLE.

will do you no harm, and needless to say we shall be most pleased to see you."

I remembered the girl's pretty face and the trim neat figure. I am not a lady's man, far from it, nevertheless I thought that I should like to renew my acquaintance with her.

"I shall be very pleased to accept Miss Kitwater's invitation, provided I have something of importance to communicate," I said. "Should I not be able to come, you will of course understand that my presence is required in London or elsewhere. My movements must of necessity be regulated by those of Mr. Hayle, and while I am attending to him I am not my own master."

Kitwater asked me one or two more questions about the disposal of the gems to the merchants in Hatton Garden, groaned as I describe the enthusiasm of the dealers, swore under his breath when he heard of Hayle's cunning in refusing to allow either his name or address to be known, and then rose and bade me good-by.

During dinner that evening I had plenty to think about. The various events of the day had been so absorbing, and had followed so thick and fast upon each other, that I had little time to seriously digest them. As I ate my meal, and drank my modest pint of claret, I gave them my fullest consideration. As Kitwater had observed, there was no time to waste if we desired to lay our hands upon that slippery Mr. Hayle. Given the full machinery of the law, and its boundless resources to stop him, it is by no means an easy thing for a criminal to fly the country unobserved; but with me the case was different. I had only my own and the exertions of a few and trusted servants to rely upon, and it was therefore impossible for us to watch all the various backdoors leading out of England at once. When I had finished my dinner I strolled down the Strand as far as Charing Cross station. Turner was to leave for St. Petersburg that night by the mail train, and I had some instructions to give him before his departure. I found him in the act of attending to the labeling of his luggage, and, when he had seen it safely on the van, we strolled down the platform together. I warned him of the delicate nature of the operation he was about to undertake, and bade him use the greatest possible care that the man he was to watch did not become aware of his intentions. Directly he knew for certain that this man was about to leave Russia, he was to communicate with me by cipher, and with my representative in Berlin, and then follow him with all speed to that city himself. As I had good reason to know, he was a shrewd and intelligent fellow, and one who never forgot any instructions that might be given him. Knowing that he was a great votary of the Goddess Nicotine, I gave him a few cigars to smoke on the way to Dover.

"Write to me immediately when you have seen your man," I said. "Remember me to Herr Schneider, and if you should see—"

I came to a sudden stop, for there, among the crowd, not three-carriage lengths away from me, a traveling-rug thrown over his shoulder, and carrying a small brown leather bag in his hand, stood Gideon Hayle. Unfortunately, he had already seen me, and almost before I realized what he was doing, he was making his way through the crowd in the direction of the main entrance. Without another word to Turner, I set off in pursuit, knowing that he was going to make his bolt, and that if I missed him now it would probably be my last chance of coming to grip with him. Never before had the platform seemed so crowded. An exasperating lady, with a lanky youth at her side, hindered my passage, porters with trucks piled with luggage barred the way just when I was getting along nicely; while, as I was about to make my way out into the courtyard, an idiotic Frenchman seized me by the arm and implored me to show him "ze office of ze money-changaire." I replied angrily that I did not know, and ran out into the portico, only to be in time to see Gideon Hayle take a seat in a hansom. He had evidently given his driver his instructions, for the man whipped up his horse, and went out of the yard at a speed which, at any other hour, would certainly have got him into trouble with the police. I called up another cab and jumped into it, promising the man a sovereign as I did so, if he would keep the other cab in sight, and find out for me its destination.

"Right ye are, sir," the cabman replied. "You jest leave that to me. I won't let him go out of my sight."

Then we, in our turn, left the yard of the station, and set off eastwards along the Strand in pursuit. Both cabmen were sharp fellows and evidently familiar with every twist and turn of their famous London. In my time I have had a good many curious drives in one part of the world and another, but I think that chase will always rank first. We traveled along the Strand, about 100 yards behind the other vehicle, then turned up Southampton street, through Covent Garden by way of Henrietta street into Long Acre. After that I cannot pretend to have any idea of the direction we took. I know that we passed through Drury Lane, crossed High Holborn, to presently find ourselves somewhere at the back of Gray's Inn. The buildings of the Parcels' Post depot marked another stage in our journey. But still the other cab did not show any sign of coming to a standstill. Leaving Mount Pleasant behind us, we entered that dingy labyrinth of streets lying on the other side of the Clerkenwell House of Detention. How much longer was the chase going to last? Then, to my delight, the other cab slackened its pace, and eventually pulled up before a small public-house. We were so close behind it that we narrowly escaped a collision. I sprang out, and ran to the other vehicle in order to stop Hayle before he could alight.

"Wot's up, guvner?" asked the cabman. "Don't go a worriting of yourself. There's nobody inside."

He was quite right, the cab was empty!

CHAPTER VI.

I flatter myself that I am a man who is not easily disconcerted, but for the second time that day I was completely taken aback. I had watched that cab so closely, had followed its progress so carefully, that it seemed impossible Hayle could have escaped from it. Yet there was the fact, apparent to all the world, that he had got away. I looked from the cab to the cabman and then at my own driver, who had descended from his perch and was standing beside me.

"Well, I wouldn't have believed it," I said aloud, when I had recovered somewhat from my astonishment.

My own driver, who had doubtless begun to think that the sovereign I had promised him was in danger, was inclined to be somewhat bellicose. It appeared as if he were anxious to make a personal matter of it, and in proof of this he sternly demanded of his rival what he had done with his fare.

"You don't think I've ate him do yer?" asked that worthy. "What's it got to do with me what a fare does? I set 'im down, same as I should do you, and now I am on my way 'ome. Look arter your own fare, and take him 'ome and put him ter bed, but don't yer a'come abotherin' me. I've done the best day's work I've ever 'ad in my life, and if so be the pair of yer like to come into the pub here, well, I don't know as I won't a stand yer both a two of Scotch cold. It looks as if 'twould kind a' chear the guvner up a bit, seein' as how he's dis'pointed like. Come on now!"

It is one of my principles, and to it I feel that I owe a considerable portion of my success, that I never allow my pride to stand in the way of my business. The most valuable information is not unfrequently picked up in the most unlikely places, and for this reason I followed my own Jehu and his rival into the public-house in question. The man was visibly elated by the good stroke of business he had done that night, and was inclined to be convivial.

"'E was a proper sort of bloke," he said as we partook of our refreshment. "'E give me a fiver, 'e did, an' I wishes as 'ow I could meet another like 'im every day."

"They do say as how one man's mutton is another man's poison," retorted my driver, who, in spite of the entertainment he was receiving, visibly regarded the other with disfavor. "If you'd a give us the tip, I'd 'ave 'ad my suvering. As it is I don't take it friendly like that you should a' bilked us."

[To Be Continued.]

DECORATION WITH A MORAL.

Its Recipient Breaks a Pledge Not to Accept Such Honors and Is Sorry.

A story illustrative of an unfortunate error of judgment is told at the expense of the late Baron Nordenskjold, says Youth's Companion. When he was on his way home from the Siberian coast, he received a telegram from the Russian government, asking him if he would accept a decoration from the czar in recognition of his services to the country.

Now the baron was a member of the Anti-Decoration society, which pledged its supporters to receive no decorations from anybody; and he wrestled long and faithfully with himself before finally he yielded to the temptation, and telegraphed back that he would gladly accept the honor.

How great, then, was his chagrin when, on reaching home, a friend told him that the czar was fully aware of his antipathy to honors of the nature of decorations, and he had put aside the sum of 300,000 rubles, to be given to him in case of his refusal of the offer.

"Russia," added the friend, blandly, "is certainly grateful to you for your failure to live up to your pledge."

A man does not lose 300,000 rubles every time he breaks a pledge, but the moral is a good one for all that.

Rosa's Bonheur's Lions.

Rosa Bonheur gave the freedom of her gardens to the lions of the menagerie at By. Sometimes the passers-by on the road would regard with stupefaction a tawny lion crouching on the terrace of Mlle. Rosa, and gazing majestically from the height of the wall which formed his pedestal. However, after awhile the artist grew tired of entertaining such expensive guests, which, moreover, in spite of all assurances, kept the neighborhood in a constant state of terror, and she gave her last lion, so carefully tamed, to the Jardin des Plantes. It was a privilege to hear the charming woman tell of her visit to her imprisoned pet, of how sad he was, revelling no longer in the caresses of his mistress, while his mane looked dirty and uncombed. "The poor animal," said she, "rose up when he saw me, and his glance, so eloquent and pathetic, seemed to tell me—I am wrong; his look actually said: 'See what they have done to me. I am weary. I suffer. Save me! Take me back!' "—Harper's Magazine.

A Burst of Generosity.

A man from Dunedin once visited (the town of) Wellington. An Irish friend insisted upon the visitor staying at his house instead of at a hotel, and kept him there for a month, playing the host in detail, even to treating him to the theaters and other amusements, paying all the cab fares, and the rest. When the visitor was returning to Dunedin, the Irishman saw him down to the steamer, and they went into the saloon to have a parting drink.

"What'll you have?" asked the host, continuing his hospitality to the very last.

"Now, look here," said the man from Dunedin, "I'll hae nae mair o' this. Here ye've been keepin' me at yer hoose for a month, an' payin' for a' the theaters an' cabs an' drinks—I tell ye I'll stan' nae mair o' it! We'll just hae a toss for this one!"—The Scotsman.

Excessive Politeness.

There is a man who is always apologizing, and some say: "How courteous he is!" Know that he is a thorough and aggressive egotist. He runs against you, he steps on your foot, he tries to pass you on the left, he knocks your hat as he hangs by a strap in the car, he sits on your coat tail—what does he not do to call attention to his own breeding? Sometimes he throws the accent on "beg," sometimes on "pardon." The speech is merely a rhetorical flourish and he has practiced all the variations.—Boston Journal.

Ominous.

When a woman's eyes look like fire, and she rattles the dishes more in cooking than usual, it means that when her husband appears, she intends to start something.—Atchison Globe.

PUZZLE PICTURE.

"BRING A BAG, HAZEL."
FIND HAZEL.

COSTLY POCKET IN OVERCOAT.

That in Which Small Change May Be Put Is a Great Temptation to Thieves.

One of the handiest pockets in an overcoat, whether the garment be for spring, fall, or winter, is the little thumb-and-finger pocket on the outside of the coat, and which lies just on a line with a man's suspender buttons on the right side.

And yet this little thumb-and-finger pocket in the 500,000 overcoats worn in Chicago costs Chicago men $5,000 a year, putting the figures at a low estimate, says the Tribune. How and why?

At least 150,000 men within the last few weeks have changed from winter ulsters to spring overcoats. How many of these men, feeling in the thumb-and-finger pocket from force of habit, found from five to 45 cents in them? How many found quarters, and dimes, and pennies, and car tickets?

The fact is, that of all pockets in man's clothing, this small pocket in an overcoat is most evanescent and uncertain in his memory. His trousers' pockets, side and back, are in constant use; his vest pockets and the inside pockets of his cutaway coat are essential every day; his gloves and a handkerchief occupy the two big pockets of his top coat on either side. And only when it is cold or windy or wet is man prompted to put his small change in the small pocket of his overcoat. And when he has put it there in Chicago there are 5,000 persons in the city who are looking for it.

Checking overcoats at hotels, restaurants and theaters is a growing custom in this city, and it would startle even a pessimistic statistician to know how many dimes, quarters, nickels and pennies are abstracted in a year from these pockets. Not one man in fifty who puts change in this pocket could swear that he put it there. It is change from a piece paid for carfare, nearly always; if not that, it is a coin put into that pocket with which to pay fare, and which is forgotten when the passenger on a car reaches finally for the change in a trouser's pocket. Not one man in ten, no matter how methodical he may be, ever is sure of the contents of that pocket, and if he reaches for a coin there and doesn't find it, he is nearly always satisfied. Even if he feels sure of having put it there just before checking his coat, the possibility that a pickpocket may have got it is so plausible that the victim cannot say anything.

For one of the easiest jobs for the small pickpocket is furnished by this small slit in the ordinary overcoat. A crowded circus, horse show, game or sportsmen's show, or fat stock show are gold mines to these small workers. Crowding in between men this small pocket is picked without the smallest chance of detection.

In sleeping cars and in parlor cars dishonest porters receive many an involuntary tip. The passenger goes to the station in a hurry, and his change, for convenience, is put in this pocket as he receives it from the street car conductor. A dishonest porter can pick out this change with the traveler looking at him and there will be no chance of detection.

Last winter a Chicago man rode to Dearborn station in a street car, and, owing to the cold, put the two dimes received from a quarter into this one distrusted pocket. Before he got into the sleeping car, southbound, he felt that he would remove those dimes. But he didn't. He hung his coat to one of the hammock hooks, sat and read for awhile; went into the smoking-room for five minutes, and then, coming back to his coat, found that the porter had picked up the grip from the floor and put it on the seat; that, incidentally, he had rearranged the coat on the hook—and taken the two dimes.

The passenger said nothing. Next morning, in leaving the train, however, he allowed the porter to dust him elaborately, crease his hat, and take his grip out to the station platform. Then, holding out a coin to the ready palm, he said, grimly:

"Ah, here's that other nickel, George."

And George's eyes ought to be bulging yet.

The Sioux as Farmers.

Maj. William McLaughlin, who knows more about Sioux than any man in the country, says: "The Sioux are rapidly becoming farmers and cattle raisers, and I feel safe in saying that at least seven-eighths of the tribe are to-day leading a civilized life. For some time after the last outbreak and before they finally settled down and became farmers and cattlemen, the Sioux dwindled rapidly in population, but now that they are leading the lives of white men and civilized beings, their number is rapidly increasing. For this they deserve considerable credit, for it will be noticed that when the Sioux did finally consent to give up their savage life, they did so quicker and with better grace and more successfully than any other tribe in the United States placed under like circumstances."—National Tribune.

Most Important.

"I thought you said this was a life-or-death case?" growled the sleepy druggist, who had been awakened at three a. m. by a man who wanted a two-cent stamp.

"So it is," declared the man; "so it is. I've got to mail this letter to my wife at once, that she may get it in time to postpone her return home long enough for me to have a new mirror put in the parlor and the hall repapered. Some of the boys spent the evening with me to-night."—Judge.

Too Many Dogs.

In northern Patagonia a reward is offered for the extermination of the dogs that overrun that part of the world. The ancestors of these wild dogs were a pair of tame collies, which were taken over by a Scotchman straight from his native heath.—Chicago Tribune.

"I beheld a man clothed with linen, who had an ink horn by his side, who reported matter."—Ezekiel, ix., 11.

The Man of the Pen

By REV. WILLIAM RADER,
Pastor Third Congregational Church, San Francisco.

The man with the ink horn is influential. He occupies a position of more influence than the teacher, the doctor, the actor, the lawyer and even the minister. When he takes his place in the editorial chair HE IS ABLE TO PLACE HIS FINGER ON THE PULSE OF THE WORLD. He is in the very heart of civilization. Around him surge the tides of influence.

Journalism has the advantage over all other professions because of a peculiar influence. Wendell Phillips made two remarks which indicate this. He once said that the New York penny newspapers governed the administration at Washington. Addressing a roaring mob on one occasion he paused long enough to say to the reporters: "You may howl if you will, but through these pencils I speak to forty millions of people," and the following morning the millions read his words.

Napoleon Bonaparte said he feared four newspapers more than 100,000 soldiers.

NEWSPAPERS MAKE AND UNMAKE MEN. They made Henry Ward Beecher and Dr. Talmage and put Chauncey Depew in the American senate.

A MARK FOR CUPID.

President of a Bachelors' Club Is Recipient of Many Tender Missives.

Every mail that comes to Waukegan, Ill., now is laden with letters addressed in feminine chirography to Louis J. Yeoman, president of the Waukegan Bachelors' club. The news has gone around the country far and near that Mr. Yeoman has been chosen—or sentenced some say—to be married during the coming year, and for fear that Waukegan is not large enough to furnish him a field for the choice of a bride the eligible fair ones of nearly every state and territory are calling the attention of Mr. Yeoman to the fact that, like Barkiss, they "are willing." If the flood of missives keeps on coming in anything like the volume with which they have started Uncle Sam will have to give the letter carrier on the Yeoman route an assistant.

Some of Mr. Yeoman's fair correspondents content themselves with hinting that there is no necessity on his part of looking far for a life partner, while others do not confine to themselves hints, but bluntly confess their desire to find a man who will wed them, and are certain they could meet the fancy of an even more fastidious man than Mr. Yeoman. They want to write to him, they want to meet him, they are willing to come to Waukegan and encounter their fate or they would be glad to have Mr. Yeoman come out their way and drop in for a sociable chat over the matter.

One young woman living near Chicago has written a very interesting letter, and after mentioning the peculiar nature of the Bachelor club's proceedings, hints that she would like to correspond with Mr. Yeoman further. Whether or not these letters will result in a match remains to be seen.

It may be mentioned that Mr. Yeoman is a bright, good-looking man of 30, a son of a leading family, a good musician, and the owner of a fast automobile. He is in the jewelry business with his father, and keeps engagement and wedding rings constantly on hand.

NECRO'S BIG CLAIM.

Seeks to Maintain Rights in Invention Which a New York Road Is Utilizing.

Granville I. Woods, a negro, of 323 West Fortieth street, has engaged lawyers to maintain his rights secured by patents in devices to electrically control the running of cars on the Manhattan railway system. His claim affects the General Electric Company, whose "train control" device is used on the cars of the electric trains on Second and Third avenues, and the Sprague Electric Company's "multiplunit" device.

Woods' lawyers say his claim to priority of invention is unassailable. He is 40 years old and a skilled mechanic. He worked out the problem of the control of motor cars in 1896 and took the precaution to protect his discovery by a caveat. Recently he received patents for the electrical controller system, which, he says, is that of the General Electric Company on the Manhattan cars, and substantially that of the Sprague Electric Company.

Woods values his patents at $50,000. He is endavoring to effect a settlement with the General Electric and the Sprague companies. If he fails he will institute proceedings for infringement.

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ALABASTINE COMPANY

DEPARTMENT D GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

NOBODY'S TIM.

By Elizabeth Stuart Phelps.

IT was one of those crossings such as you see anywhere in well-settled parts of New England, with gates like long, white arms, which swing up and down to warn the public of danger. The railroad was a suburban route, a short, busy, bustling line that sent out 40 trains a day over a circuit of 16 miles. It ran by a dozen little stations, each representing a pretty suburb with homes as happy as can be found in the country. The suburb of which we speak bore the beautiful name of Sunshine.

The arms of the gates were raised high in the air, pointing steadily, straight to the skies. No train was expected for 13 minutes. The gate tender had gone into the gate house and sat down alone; he was not allowed to entertain company in the gate house, and he looked enviously across the track at some men who were hanging about the grocery; he would have liked to hear the story they were laughing at, but a gate tender cannot be frivolous.

These men were leaning against the wall—two customers and the depot cab driver. One of the customers was hugging an impressive order of salt pork and sugar and kerosene to his breast. The other was affectionately cherishing a paper package of butter.

One man was lounging on the steps. He sprawled at full length. He had his hat over his eyes for the May sun was hot. He was smoking. He usually was. It could not be said that he was usually doing anything else, unless, perhaps, he were occupied in getting drunk. He was a marked man in Sunshine—an idle fellow in a busy place, a scapegrace in a decorous community.

"What did those plaguy railroad commissioners do about grade crossings?"

One of the customers (the butter customer) put this question in a heavily injured tone.

"They recommended 'em," replied the sugar and salt pork customer, soothingly.

"They'd better!" snarled the butter customer.

"We've only killed 11 folks come next July," urged the cab driver, cheerfully.

"Fourteen," said the man on the step. He did not remove his pipe from his mouth, and his tone was muffled accordingly.

"Well," said the first customer, "Tim knows. He picked up the pieces of most of 'em. My butter's busted," added the speaker, gloomily. "It's runnin' up my sleeve. I give 25 cents a pound for it, too!"

Tim laughed. He was always ready to laugh. He had the merry, cordial nature common to some children and many drunkards, and the curly hair that often goes with it.

Nobody's Tim was one of the ruins of the great civil war; the remains of what had once been a brave and splendid fellow. He was one of the men who had done fine deeds in war, that flashed out the best of his character, and then had been beaten in peace by the worst. There was, indeed, a story about a wound at Gettysburg, and Tim used to say that something was wrong with his heart when he tried to work. But few believed it and no one cared for Tim's aches and ails.

"There's the colonel," said the cab driver, suddenly, "comin' down the boulevard with his auto-go-but-don't. I can't say when I've seen the colonel come home so early. Say, Tim, there's your colonel. Do set up, can't ye?"

But Nobody's Tim was already on his feet. He had seen the colonel before any one else had. Who knew what Nobody's Tim did not see under shelter of that old brown felt hat? Tim stood silently. He followed the automobile with his sad and sunken eyes. The colonel's wife was riding with him—a young wife. He had not been married many years.

The automobile dashed up and rushed by. Tim stood at attention. He straightened his shoulders. Drink and poverty and misery and sickness and advancing age had never quite taken the military look out of Tim's figure. He jammed the old brown felt hat into position on his head. All that was soldierly in the loafer awakened at sight of his colonel. As the carriage puffed by, Nobody's Tim saluted respectfully.

The colonel, glancing under his wife's lace sunshade, saluted the drunkard gravely in return. Afterward he was glad to remember that he had done this.

Nobody's Tim flushed with joy at the recognition, but he did not speak. If any one had noticed, there was a quiver in the man's lips. As he stood smoking he began to hum below his breath:

"Mine eyes have seen the glory of the coming of the Lord."

A little girl tried to stand still while the nurse was getting her white arms into pink sleeves. This was a difficult procedure—no one could understand how difficult, unless one were a baby girl of three, and in a hurry to go out to walk. She was all pink and white, this dainty little lady—white dress, rose ribbons, little pink broadcloth coat, and a hat of silk mull with rosebuds. Her long stockings were of dark, dull green, with tiny boots to match. Her father said she looked like a rose with two stems. Her name was Rosamond as a matter of course. Everybody knew how her father felt about that baby—the child of his middle life and early age—his only one. He came to bid her good-by that day before he went out on the automobile with her mother. He folded the little girl's arms about his neck and laid his dark cheek to hers, and kissed her more softly than her mother did, and not so many times but each kiss seemed to count for more, for some reason.

"Rose shall ride with papa next time," he said, to comfort her. "And Jane will be careful—very careful, Jane," added the colonel, with his military manner. "Remember all that we have told you about the lake, and the cars, and the crossings—"

"And big dogs," interrupted the child's mother.

"And the electric cars," added the father.

"And cows," suggested the mother.

"And if you should meet a fire engine—" finished the father.

They did not meet a fire engine. Jane held the child's hand tight as they passed the lake. They made the crossings without any trouble. There were no cows. And the only big dog they met was a particular friend and neighbor of Rose's, who offered to escort her and take care of her. But Jane told him it was against her orders; so he turned away and stayed at home.

In the square—so fate had willed it—they met the only danger against which the nurse had not been warned. This was the grocer's boy. He was Jane's very particular grocer boy, and she stopped to speak to him.

"Mine eyes have seen the glory of the coming of the Lord."

Nobody's Tim was still singing in his wasted tenor, muffled and interrupted by the pipe, which had not left his lips, except for a moment when the colonel passed.

NOBODY'S TIM SALUTED RESPECTFULLY.

But fully 60 seconds before any other man saw anything, Tim had seen everything. It was then that the pipe came out of his mouth. It covered the sidewalk with splinters.

"God A'mighty!" groaned Tim. "The colonel's baby!"

The long, lean arms of the gates had dropped, and stretched themselves mightily across the street. A grown person could not pass their strong barricade unless by deliberately stooping under, and so evading it; but to the baby girl there was no barricade at all. The arms of the gate escaped the topmost rosebud on her rose-white, rose-pink hat by several inches. And the child—something scornful of the nurse, something disdainful of the grocer's boy—had continued her walk in a pretty, solitary dignity which comes at times on little maids like her.

When Tim's pipe came out of his mouth the colonel's Rose had stepped under the arms of the railway gate.

And the train—

Afterward, the gate tender swore that the train was 40 feet away. But what are 40 feet? And the baby girl, suddenly seeing the monster, bewildered by the roar and smoke and steam, confused by the horror that she could not understand, put up her lips and began to cry, and stood still upon the track.

It was then that a man leaped the gate and dashed into the throat of death with a cry whose joyousness rings to this day in the ears of every soul who heard it. As he hurled himself upon the child, his old, faded felt hat fell off, and the May sunlight brought out the gold in the brown of his curly hair.

He flung the baby girl high into the air. A dozen arms were outstretched to catch her. She came down against somebody's neck without a bruise. Nobody's Tim—how, will never be known—whether he caught his foot, or whether there was anything in that story about his heart and the wound at Gettysburg—however it happened, Nobody's Tim fell. He did not rise.

They gathered his poor body tenderly, remembering, when they did so, how he had himself performed this pitiful service for so many other poor bodies on the railroad which waited for the commissioners to vote about grade crossings—and somebody picked up the old brown felt hat, and somebody else asked:

"What shall we do with him?" For Nobody's Tim, you remember, had neither wife nor child, neither "own folks" nor home.

Then, out of the silent crowd which had thickened in the square, sudden voices rose:

"I'll take him to my house."

"And I—"

"I will—"

"No! We will—"

"No, let us—"

And the voices strove with one another, till it seemed as if all Sunshine were competing to be "own folks" to Tim.

For, in the flashing of a noble deed, Nobody's Tim had become Everybody's Tim, and the whole town pressed to do him honor.

Now, at this moment, the silver trail of a distant steam carriage could be seen melting along the smooth road.

"Hold on!" said the cab driver. "That's the colonel. He's got something to say about this."

Memorial day dawned clear, hot and shining, as it almost always is. No one in Sunshine went to the baseball games or cared for the bicycle races on the sacred national festival of that year; but all Sunshine followed the pathetic remnant of the Grand Army when the gray-haired group formed to escort their homeless, dead comrade from the colonel's home.

No one remembered on that morning that Tim used to drink; that he did not work; that he had neither place nor name, nor character among his neighbors. Everyone remembered rather how kind he was, and how generous of impulse, what good company he was, and what a pleasant smile he had—this hero who had lived among them in disguise, unregarded and neglected for so long.

As they bore him down the colonel's granite steps and out into the street, the Grand Army veterans sang in their broken voices:

"Mine eyes have seen the glory of the coming of the Lord."

A chorus of trained singers had started the battle hymn, as the colonel asked; but when the veterans took it up every other voice was hushed—nobody else could sing—and the veterans finished the hymn alone.

Then the beating, breaking heart of the military music throbbed in and claimed its own.

Nobody's Tim was buried as if he had been the general. Blotted out in flowers, he seemed to have no grave. The chaplain read the service as if the Christian faith wished she could have owned the hero. The flag folded him as if it were proud of him. But the colonel, with bared head, stood a little apart. Lifting his eyes, as if he perceived what no other did, the commanding officer of the old regiment saluted the unseen spirit of the dead private, as a soldier salutes his superior. Then the drum of the veterans sounded taps for Tim, and three volleys rang across his grave.

Now, after taps, an unexpected thing occurred. Some one led up the little girl, all in white, and her arms were heaped with pink roses. These she put delicately, one by one, upon the pyre of blossoms under which Everybody's Tim was laid away. Rosamond kissed the roses before she put them down—it was her own idea. No one spoke or stirred while she did this, and afterward no one added a flower.

Then the child (this, too, was her own idea) quite naturally knelt down upon the flowers and shut her eyes and said aloud and distinctly, so that all the people heard her:

"Now I lay me down to sleep.
I pway ve Lord my soul to keep.
If I should die before I wake up—Amen."

"Well," said one of the Grand Army men, with the back of his hand at his eyes, "I guess she's wuth it."

But the colonel, her father, caught her to his heart and hid his face upon her soft hair. He did not speak. The veterans saluted and turned away.—Youth's Companion.

HEADACHE, BACKACHE, DIZZINESS

(PE-RU-NA CURES PELVIC CATARRH.)

"I am perfectly well," says Mrs. Martin, of Brooklyn. "Pe-ru-na cured me."

MRS. ANNA MARTIN

Mrs. Anna Martin, 47 Hoyt street, Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:

"Peruna did so much for me that I feel it my duty to recommend it to others who may be similarly afflicted. About a year ago my health was completely broken down, had backache, dizziness and irregularities, and life seemed dark indeed. We had used Peruna in our home as a tonic and for colds and catarrh and I decided to try it for my trouble. In less than three months I became regular, my pains had entirely disappeared, and I am now perfectly well."—Mrs. Anna Martin.

Miss Marie Johnson, 11 Columbia, East, Detroit, Mich., is Worthy Vice Templar in Hope Lodge No. 6, Independent Order Good Templars. Miss Johnson, as so many other women also have done, found in Peruna a specific for a severe case of female weakness. She writes:

"I want to do what I can to let the whole world know what a grand medicine Peruna is. For eleven years I suffered with female troubles and complications arising therefrom. Doctors failed to cure me, and I despaired of being helped. Peruna cured me in three short months. I can hardly believe it myself, but it is a blessed fact. I am perfectly well now, and have not had an ache or pain for months. I want my suffering sisters to know what Peruna has done for me."—Miss Marie Johnson.

Miss Ruth Emerson, 72 Sycamore st., Buffalo, N. Y., writes: "I suffered for two years with irregular and painful menstruation, and Peruna cured me within six weeks. I cannot tell you how grateful I feel. Any agency which brings health and strength to the afflicted is always a welcome friend, and to-day the market is so filled with useless and injurious medicines that it is a pleasure to know of so reliable a remedy as you place before the public."—Miss Ruth Emerson.

It is no longer a question as to whether Peruna can be relied on to cure all such cases. During the many years in which Peruna has been put to test in all forms and stages of acute and chronic catarrh no one year has put this remedy to greater test than the past year.

Peruna is the acknowledged catarrh remedy of the age. Dr. Hartman, the compounder of Peruna, has written a book on the phases of catarrh peculiar to women, entitled, "Health and Beauty." It will be sent free to any address by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

SAVE MONEY

Buy your goods at Wholesale Prices.

Our 1,000-page catalogue will be sent upon receipt of 15 cents. This amount does not even pay the postage, but it is sufficient to show us that you are acting in good faith. Better send for it now. Your neighbors trade with us—why not you also?

Montgomery Ward & Co.

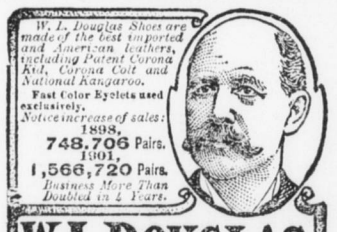
2 CHICAGO

The house that tells the truth.

JUST THINK OF IT!

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Every farmer his own landlord, no encumbrances, his bank account increasing year by year, land value increasing, stock increasing, splendid climate, excellent schools and churches, low taxation, high prices for cattle and grain, low railway rates, and every possible comfort. This is the condition of the farmer in Western Canada—Province of Manitoba and districts of Assiniboia, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Thousands of Americans are now settled there. Reduced rates on all railways for homeseekers and settlers. New districts are being opened up this year. The new forty-page ATLAS of WESTERN CANADA and all other information sent free to all applicants. F. PEDLEY, Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to JOSEPH YOUNG, 313 State St., East Columbus, Ohio; H. M. WILLIAMS, 20 Law Bldg., Toledo, O.; Canadian Government Agents.



W. L. Douglas Shoes are made of the best imported and American leathers, including Patent Corona Kid, Corona Colt and National Kangaroo.

Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively.

Notice increase of sales:
1898, 748,706 Pairs.
1901, 1,566,720 Pairs.
Business More Than Doubled in 4 Years.

W. L. DOUGLAS UNION MADE $3.50 SHOES $3.00

Established 1876.

FOR more than a quarter of a century the reputation of W. L. Douglas' Shoes for style, comfort, and wear has excelled all other makes. They are worn by more men in all stations of life than any other make, because they are the only Shoes that in every way equal $5.00 and $6.00 shoes. They are the standard of the world. This is the reason W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's $3.50 and $3.00 shoes than any other two manufacturers. A trial will convince you they are the best in the world.

W. L. DOUGLAS $4 SHOES CANNOT BE EXCELLED.

Sold by 63 Douglas stores in American Cities and best shoe dealers everywhere.

CAUTION. The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom.

Shoes by mail, 25 cents extra. Illustrated Catalogue Free.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

HAZARD

"EXPERT SHOOTERS, WHO KILL AT NEARLY EVERY SHOT, USE HAZARD SMOKELESS or HAZARD BLACK, WITH TIGHT FITTING WADS BETWEEN POWDER AND SHOT. LOOSE PAPER FOR WADDING CANNOT PRODUCE GOOD RESULTS."

GUN POWDER

Your name and address on a postal card will bring you Beautiful Illustrated Pamphlets on the opportunities of the GLORIOUS NORTHWEST

Address P. O. Box 162, TACOMA, WASH.

Write today as the number is limited.

LIVE STOCK AND MISCELLANEOUS ELECTROTYPES

IN GREAT VARIETY for sale at the lowest prices by

A. N. Kellogg Newspaper Co.
71 Ontario Street, Cleveland, Ohio

FOR one two-cent stamp we send FREE a TEETHING NECKLACE. After 30 days' trial send it back or send us 50c. Henry C. Blair, Walnut & 8th Sts., Philadelphia.

OPIUM WHISKY and other drug habits cured. We want the worst cases. Book and references FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, Box 3, Atlanta, Ga.

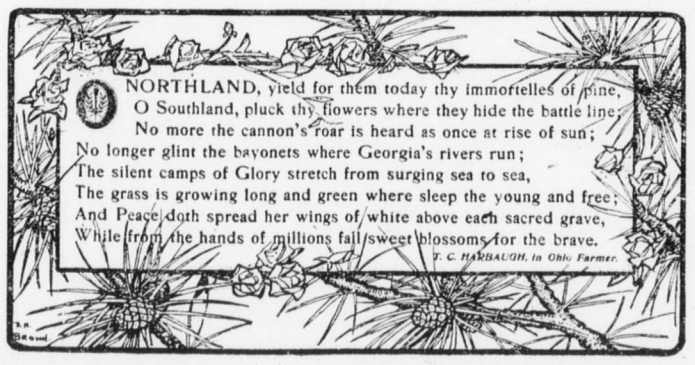
25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION. 25 CTS.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Eczema, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure, no matter how long standing. By mail, 25c and 50c. J. P. ALLEN, St. Paul, Minn.

A. N. K.—C 1918

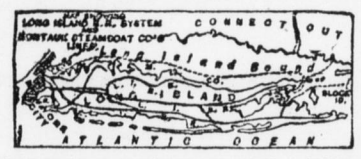
WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISER please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.



NORTHLAND, yield for them today thy immortelles of pine,
O Southland, pluck thy flowers where they hide the battle line;
No more the cannon's roar is heard as once at rise of sun;
No longer glint the bayonets where Georgia's rivers run;
The silent camps of Glory stretch from surging sea to sea,
The grass is growing long and green where sleep the young and free;
And Peace doth spread her wings of white above each sacred grave,
While from the hands of millions fall sweet blossoms for the brave.

T. C. HARBAUGH, in Ohio Farmer.

LONG ISLAND



THE COAST OF THE ENTIRE STATE

A

Summer Resort

COOLED BY SEA BREEZES

250 Miles on the Atlantic Ocean and Long Island Sound

A TERRITORY UNEQUALED FOR

BATHING, SAILING, DRIVING, FISHING, GOLFING, ETC.

Telegraph, Telephone and Express Service between New York and every Section of the Island. First-class Train Service. Modern Equipment and Dustless Roadbed. For full information send stamps to cover postage.

Long Island (Illustrated Description) . . . $0.08
Summer Homes (Hotels, Boarding House) . .04

THE LONG ISLAND RAILROAD COMPANY

OFFICE, LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y.

HOWARD M. SMITH, General Passenger Agent.

H. B. FULLERTON, Special Agent, Passenger Dept.

Spring and Summer Sale

The largest assortment of Carpets, Mattings, Oilcloth and Linoleums, ever shown in Cameron county. All at the lowest prices. We are satisfied with a small margin, and therefore, give our customers the benefit.

Draperies in large variety and the most handsome to be found in Emporium.

HATS

We carry one of the largest stocks of hats, both in felt and straw in this county. Our line of Children's Sun Hats is especially handsome.

DRESS GOODS

Is one of our main features and we are always prepared to show the largest, best and cheapest stock in town.

We also carry a large assortment of Rainy-day Skirts.

WALL PAPER

A large line of Wall Paper, only five cents the double roll. A well selected stock to choose from.

M. C. TULIS.

Furniture News.

The reign of MONOPOLY in furniture is a thing of the past in this town. We have presented this community the greatest opportunity for purchasing reliable FURNITURE at all times and in every department at prices which never have and never will be equalled in wonderful lowness.

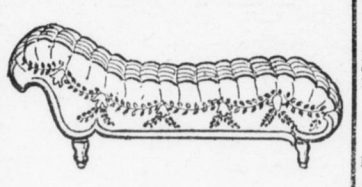
We have also proved to the people from the first hour of our opening, that we try to merit their patronage by dealing with them as we would like to be dealt by. We'd sooner have our goods back and return your money than have you dissatisfied, because our prices are such that our furniture is always worth just what it was sold for.

27 Bed Room Suites and 15 Side Boards to pick from. We can save you 30 per cent. on them.

BED ROOM SUITES AND SIDEBOARDS.

WE MANUFACTURE THEM.

COUCH.

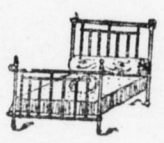


$10.00

For this elegant Couch.

$6.00

Brass rail Guaranted 15 years.



IRON BED

$2.50

Regular price other places $4.00.

GO-CART $10.

Every baby in this town should ride in a Go Cart, even if some have to walk a little later on in life. We have tried to select the BEST from

Five Factories.

No *close outs* from last year's manufacture, each Go-cart an art creation, with latest improvements for safety, comfort and services, at prices that stagger competitors.

We advevtise the truth and then surpass it. Our aim is to furnish up-to-date goods at reasonable cost. Money talks. Low prices schriek. The lever of low prices has led this store into its present popularity.

SCIENTIFIC EMBALMING. Residence up Stairs.

FUNERAL DIRECTING. Open all Night.

Emporium Furniture Co.,

BERNARD EGAN, Mgr.,

Emporium, Pa.

C. G. SCHMIDT'S,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Popular Bakery,

FRESH BREAD, PIES, FANCY CAKES, ICE CREAM, NUTS

CONFECTIONERY

All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

Daily Delivery.

Magic Color Pictures.

A glass of water and a sponge or brush act like a box of paints on the wonderful "Watergraphs," which will appear in next Sunday's Philadelphia Press. It's the cleverest novelty of the year. The pictures are printed apparently in black ink. You touch them with water, and in a second they become beautiful water color paintings. No skill is needed- Children can do it as well as grown folks. These "Watergraphs" are in addition to the mysterious magic pictures, which you rub over a blank space with a coin and a picture appears.

The great puzzle-man, Sam Loyd, is now on The Sunday Press staff of entertainers. He has a page each Sunday that will set you thinking and amuse you, too. Order next Sunday's Philadelphia Press of your newsdealer in advance. Then you'll be sure to get it. tf

Sciatic Rheumatism Cured After Fourteen Years of Suffering.

"I have been afflicted with sciatic rheumatism for fourteen years," says Josh Edgar, of Germantown, Cal. "I was able to be around but constantly suffered. I tried everything I could hear of and at last was told to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which I did and was immediately relieved and in a short time cured, and I am happy to say it has not since returned." Why not use this liniment and get well? It is for sale by L. Taggart.

That no man is so skeptical as to not believe the good things he heard about himself.

For Those Who Live on Farms.

Dr. Bergin, Pana, Ills., writes: "I have used Ballard's Snow Liniment; always recommend it to my friends, as I am confident there is no better made. It is a ready for burns." Those who live on farms are especially liable to many accidental cuts, burns and bruises, which heal rapidly when Ballard's Snow Liniment is applied. It should always be kept in the house for cases of emergency. 25c, 50c and $1.00 at L. Taggart's.

That many a fellow who can read a menu in French hasn't the price of a dinner.

World Wide Reputation.

White's Cream Vermifuge has achieved a world wide reputation as being the best of all worm destroyers, and for its tonic influence on weak and unthrifty children, as it neutralizes the acidity or sourness of the stomach, improves their digestion, and assimilation of food, strengthens their nervous system and restores them to the health, vigor and elasticity of spirits natural to childhood. 25c at L. Taggart's.

That the huckster may not be a jack of all trades, but he is a man of many callings.

You never heard of any one using Foley's Honey and Tar and not being satisfied. L. Taggart.

That the man who first said that figures never lie, evidently never saw a burlesque show.

Like a Drowning Man.

"Five years ago a disease the doctors called dyspepsia took such hold of me that I could scarcely go," writes Geo. S. Marsh, well-known attorney of Nocona, Tex. "I took quantities of pepsin and other medicines but nothing helped me. As a drowning man grabs at a straw I grabbed at Kodol. I felt an improvement at once and after a few bottles am sound and well." Kodol is the only preparation which exactly reproduces the natural digestive juices and consequently is the only one which digests any good food and cures any form of stomach trouble. R. C. Dodson.

Will Cure Consumption.

A. A. Herren, Finch, Ark., writes, Foley's Honey and Tar is the best preparation for coughs, colds and lung trouble. I know that it has cured consumption in the first stages." L. Taggart

That people who are content to stay at the bottom must belong to the lower order of animals.

MOST IN QUANTITY. BEST IN QUALITY.

WORMS!

WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE

FOR 20 YEARS

Has led all WORM Remedies.

EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Prepared by RICHARDSON MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS.

For sale by L. Taggart 2ly.

FIGHT FOR GOVERNOR

Most Remarkable Struggle in the History of Pennsylvania.

ALL CANDIDATES ARE GUESSING

The Contest For the Lieutenant Governorship Has Also Become One of Intense Interest, With a Field of Strong Candidates.

(Special Correspondence.)

Harrisburg, May 27.—The contest for the gubernatorial nomination continues to occupy the attention of the Republican workers of the state and the election of every delegate to the state convention is a matter of very serious moment in every locality in which the primaries have not yet been held.

Not for many years has there been such a closely contested struggle for party honors.

Thousands of county committeemen and others identified with the party organization are keeping tally on the returns from the counties, and speculating as to the outcome of the struggle for control of the state convention.

Attorney General Elkin,, former Lieutenant Governor Watres and Judge Pennypacker continue to be the only avowed candidates for governor. Congressman Sibley, who was mentioned for the place, has taken to the woods, or rather gone back to Washington, where he is devoting his entire time to his congressional duties and not taking any hand whatever in the hunt for delegates.

The various other "favorite sons" have reached the conclusion that they are not wanted this time and they, too, have gone back and will try to forget that they ever thought of running for governor.

ELKIN'S VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN

The Elkin campaign has progressed with characteristic vigor and a number of delegates have been added to the list of supporters of the "Indiana County Plow Boy." The candidate himself has been on the go constantly. He is managing his own fight. He is meeting his own lieutenants, is keeping his own tally, and he is working out his own plan of campaign.

Northampton county's convention was held on Saturday last. It was an enthusiastic Elkin gathering. The five delegates to the state convention who were elected signed a pledge which put them on record for the Indiana county candidate "as long as his name shall be before the state convention." General Frank Reeder, chairman of the Republican State Committee, heads this delegation in favor of Elkin for governor.

The Elkin men also claim the votes from Fulton, Fayette, Warren and Elk counties, which held primaries on Saturday last. All these claims are not conceded by their opponents, however.

Colonel Watres has emphatically denied the reports that he proposes to withdraw from the canvass. He still contends that he is the "logical candidate for governor with which to unite all factions" and he contends that he still has a chance of winning the prize.

The activity of friends of Judge Pennypacker in Philadelphia during the last week has brought his boom into prominence. The meeting held in his behalf in the Witherspoon building in Philadelphia resulted in the appointment of a committee of fifty leading citizens of the Quaker City who have already begun to flood the state with literature setting forth the desirability of Judge Pennypacker's nomination, his devotion to the interests of the commonwealth and his frequent and vigorous rebukes to critics and traducers of Pennsylvania, her state government and her Republican leaders.

BIG FIGHT IN TIOGA.

Widespread interest is attracted to the contest now being waged in Tioga county for the delegates to the Republican state convention.

This will be the last struggle, probably, in which the people will have an opportunity to vote directly for the indorsement of candidates for the Republican nomination for governor. The names of Elkin, Watres and Pennypacker will all be printed upon the official ballots and each participant at the primaries will have a chance to indicate his favorite. The candidate receiving the highest vote will have the delegates to the state convention instructed for him from this county.

Candidate Elkin is the only aspirant for the nomination who has up to date accepted an invitation to go into the county and address the voters on the issues of the canvass. He has arranged to make speeches at different points in the county on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of this week. The primaries will be held on Saturday next.

It was believed that Huntingdon would present a similar condition of affairs, as it is the custom in Huntingdon to let the people pass upon the candidacy of aspirants for state offices. Elkin registered in the county and it was said that Messrs. Watres and Pennypacker would do likewise, but when the last day for registration had passed, it was found that Elkin was the only candidate who had agreed to submit his name to the voters. There was but one set of candidates for delegates running, too, and these are friends of Elkin. The primaries in Huntingdon take place on Saturday next and the Elkin men will, of course, be elected.

LOOKING FOR SECOND PLACE.

The struggle for second place on the Republican state ticket is becoming more interesting every day.

Mayor Lewis, of Allentown, has blossomed out as a full fledged candidate for lieutenant governor. He has the backing of his home delegation and these delegates refuse to pledge themselves to any candidate for governor until they know what is to be done with the Lewis boom.

Dr. Flood, of Crawford county, former Senator Brown, of Lawrence, and Colonel Clement, of Northumberland, are also in the race for this office. Each will have a large delegation at the state convention.

There will surely be "a hot time in that old town" that night.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. It prevents formation of gas on the stomach, relieving all distress after eating. Dieting unnecessary. Pleasant to take.

It can't help but do you good

Prepared only by E. C. DEWITT & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Safe. Always reliable. **Ladies,** ask Druggist for **CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH** in **Red** and **Gold** metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. **Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.** Buy of your Druggist, or send **4c.** in stamps for **Particulars, Testimonials** and **"Relief for Ladies,"** *in letter,* by **return Mail. 10,000** Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists.

CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO.
2100 Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper.

Men Suffering

from loss of nervous force often owe their condition to youthful ignorance—that fearful enemy to health.

It is the business of science to repair the damage caused by the thoughtless practices of youth.

Nervous Debility never gets well of itself. Its victims drag through a miserable existence, weak, listless, despondent.

Sexine Pills

literally feed the hungry nerves, giving them the precise ingredients demanded by nature. This wonderful remedy cures Nervous Debility, stops all drains, replaces wasted tissues, sends rich, warm life blood tingling through every part, making every organ act and causing you to glow with health.

$1.00 per box; 6 boxes (with guarantee to cure), $5.00. Book free. PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by R.C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa. 51

Safe Cure Immediate

Red Cross

For Woman's Relief.

Tansy Pills

$100 per box

Mailed to Any Address in Plain Packages.

Vin De Cinchona Co. 612 Locust St. DesMoines, Ia.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR THE RED CROSS BOOKLET. (MAILED FREE.)

MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT AS WE SAY

L. Taggart.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address **ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 10-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.**

For Sale in Emporium, by R. C. Dodson.—12ly

DR. FENNER'S GOLDEN RELIEF

CUTS BRUISES SPRAINS STINGS RUSTY NAILS COLIC

CURES ANY PAIN INSIDE OR OUT

GRIP COLDS BRONCHITIS SORE THROAT NEURALGIA DIARRHŒA

Druggists in 1 to 8 minutes 25c. 50c. $1.

R. C. Dodson, Agent, Emporium, Pa

36-28ly.

AUDITORS' REPORT

OF

SHIPPEN POOR DISTRICT FOR 1901

JAS. HOBSON, Overseer, in account with Shippen Township Poor Fund.

DR.

Bal due fund as per Auditors Rept. 1901	$50 72
To cash from P. S. Culver,	176 07
To cash from L. Lockwood,	55 00
To cash from County Treasurer,	443 00
To cash Miss Skadinskey,	4 00
By balance,	36 64
	$745 43

CR.

By paid Mrs. Feilding,	$1 50
By paid Geo. Market,	8 00
By paid William McDonald,	4 00
By paid Dan Dickenson,	20 05
By paid W. J. Adams,	125 00
By paid S. B. Hopkins,	6 00
By paid A. F. Vogt,	3 00
By paid C. R. Kline,	140 00
By paid Howard Dodge,	12 00
By paid Balcom & Lloyd,	26 28
By paid D. C. Hayes,	2 00
By paid David Toner,	3 00
By paid R. C. Dodson,	2 15
By paid Johnson & McNarney,	21 00
By paid Mrs. Henry Lyons	123 67
By paid Chas. M. Spangler,	18 00
By paid I. K. Hockley,	7 50
By paid Cameron County Press,	14 00
By paid M. M. Larrabee,	3 00
By paid C. R. Kline & Co.,	22 76
By paid Geo. J. LaBar,	40 00
By paid C. B. Howard & Co.	48 02
By 63 days services as overseer, at $1.50	94 50
	$745 43
Balance due Jas. Hobson,	36 64

JOHN W. LEWIS, Overseer, in account with Shippen Township Poor Fund.

DR.

To bal. due as per Auditors Report 1901	$237 37
To cash from P. S. Culver,	231 88
To cash from L. Lockwood,	10 00
To cash from County Treasurer,	461 62
	$940 87

CR.

By paid L. K. Huntington,	$175 88
By paid C. R. Kline,	2 00
By paid Thos. Waddington,	2 00
By paid H. J. Newton,	2 00
By paid Henry Lyons,	10 25
By paid R. P. Hellman,	30 50
By paid Wernersville Asylum,	64 14
By paid drafts and postage,	34
By paid Henry Edgcomb,	33 00
By paid L. Taggart,	14 52
By paid Emporium Furniture Co.,	35 00
By paid John Kelley,	6 00
By paid Bert Barr,	6 75
By paid F. A. Lewis,	9 00
By paid medicine for J. Couder,	1 00
By paid Zora D. Lewis,	85 50
By paid C. B. Howard & Co.,	100 00
By paid H. C. Olmsted,	10 69
By paid W. W. Lewis,	2 00
By paid auditing 1901 account,	12 00
By 57 days services as overseer,	85 50
To balance due Fund,	251 88
	$940 87

P. S. CULVER, Collector, in account with Shippen Township Poor Fund.

DR.

To balance due on old duplicate	$53 86

CR.

Balance due fund,	$53 86

DR.

To balance due March 11, 1900,	$252 18

CR.

By paid John W. Lewis	30 00
By paid Jas. Hobson,	53 13
To balance due fund,	169 15
	$252 18

DR.

To amount of duplicate for 1901	$535 78

CR.

By exonerations,	$20 00
By paid John W. Lewis	202 00
By rebate,	10 85
By commission,	10 24
By paid Jas Hobson,	122 34
To balance due fund,	170 35
	$535 78

L. LOCKWOOD, Collector, in account with Shippen Township Poor Fund.

DR.

To balance due March 11, 1901,	$170 92

CR.

By paid Jas. Hobson,	$35 00
By paid John W. Lewis,	10 00
To balance due fund,	125 92
	$170 92

We, the undersigned Auditors of the township of Shippen, hereby certify that we have audited, adjusted and settled the several accounts of James Hobson and John W. Lewis, Poor Masters, with the Poor District of Shippen township, and P. S. Culver and L. Lockwood, collectors, of Shippen township and the above is a true and correct statement of the same.

Witness our hands and seal this 30th day of April, A. D., 1902.

H. J. NEWTON,
FRANK LOCKWOOD,
Auditors of Shippen Township.

ATTEST:
W. W. LEWIS, Clerk.

If You Could Look into the future and see the condition to which your cough, if neglected, will bring you, you would seek relief at once—and that naturally would be through

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

Guaranteed to cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all Lung Troubles. Cures Coughs and Colds in a day. 25 cents. Write to S. C. WELLS & Co., Le Roy, N. Y., for free trial bottle.

Karl's Clover Root Tea purifies the Blood

KIDNEY DISEASES

are the most fatal of all diseases.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE Is a Guaranteed Remedy

or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the *best* for Kidney and Bladder troubles.

PRICE 50c. and $1.00.

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PILES A cure guaranteed if you use RUDY'S PILE **Suppository**

D. Matt. Thompson, Supt. Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Devore, Raven Rock, W. Va., writes: "They give universal satisfaction." Dr. H. D. McGill, Clarksburg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 23 years, I have found no remedy to equal yours." Price, 50 Cents. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists. MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart and R. C. Dodson. Call for free sample.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

Perfect Ice Cream Powder

Is instantly ready for use, requiring only the addition of one quart of cold milk, half milk and half cream, or all cream, to make two quarts of as fine ICE CREAM as any confectioner can make.

Flavors for Ice Cream are, Raspberry, Strawberry, Vanilla, Chocolate and Plain (unflavored to be used with fresh fruits or in making up fancy creams.)

Perfect Water Ice Powder requires only the addition of one quart of cold water to make two quarts of WATER ICE or SHERBET. Flavors for Water Ice are, Lemon and Orange.

Send us 25c and we will mail you a package of any of the above flavors, with our booklet, full of valuable receipts for making all kinds of plain and fancy Creams and Ices. O. J. WEEKS & Co., 91 Murry St., New York City, N. Y. 14-13t